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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

POWER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT

Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes

WEDDING CARDS, POSTERS, VISITING CARDS, HANDBILLS, BUSINESS CARDS, PROGRAMMES, BALL CARDS, BILLHEADS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, DODGERS BILLS OF FARE, STATEMENTS, WINE CARDS, PAMPHLETS, LAW CASES AND POINTS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC.,

In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

A professor in Montreal set himself to work and mastered twelve languages in four years. Then he went crazy and now talks in a language which no one can understand.

A Florida hunter says that an alligator will eat anything of the food kind known to man, and that four ounces of poison won't even make one of the reptiles feel a little bad.

The Philadelphia Record says the cruelty of American shipmasters is worse than that of any other nation, and it is becoming almost impossible to get American sailors to go before the mast with them.

B. A. Rowell of Greenville, S. C. picked up an old edition of Shakespeare's works in a Charleston bookstall not long ago and bought it for $3. A day or two afterwards a bookseller gave him $280 for it, and sold it in turn to a London dealer for £100.

A merchant at Elgin, Ill., passed a man's account to profit and loss after dunning him about fifty times, says the Detroit Free Press, and the man sued him for damage to character and got a verdict of $400. Deadbeats have more legal rights than honest men.

The interesting information comes from across the water that the machinery of Mr. Vanderbilt's yacht is lubricated solely with castor oil. Before starting for Egypt the yacht touched at Palermo, Italy, and $2,000 worth of oil was taken on board. This, it was estimated, would last just three months.

Colonel Lamont, President Cleveland's private secretary, is a great deal busier than any of his predecessors, says the Washington Critic. He is a great deal more than a private secretary, whereas some of them were a great deal less. He actually hasn't had time to see the sights, and with all his three years' experience in Washington knows less about the public buildings and the public curiosities generally than the diligent tourist who arrived but three days ago.

Central Europe has still some immense tracts of uncleared forest lands. In some Austrian provinces, such as Croatia and Slavonia, the proportion of woodland is so great to the population that if it were divided among the inhabitants nearly two acres would fall to the lot of each person. In the three principal wood producing districts there are 4,000,000 acres of forests, the yearly increase of which is valued at more than $2,500,000. The export of wood is a large item in Austrian trade.

Although the Constitution of the United States expressly says that "the President of these United States shall appoint Ambassadors to various countries," no President has ever done so, according to the Philadelphia News, because an Ambassador is supposed to represent the person of a sovereign. So the men sent abroad to represent this country have simply born the title of "Ministers," and, as a "Minister" is inferior in rank to an Ambassador, an Ambassador on all state occasions in Europe takes precedence.

The privilege of the floor of the United States Senate or the House during its session is very highly valued by most men, in the opinion of the Philadelphia Record. It is restricted in the House to the President and his cabinet, senators, representatives and ex-representatives, officers of the army and navy who received the thanks of Congress, and the higher officers of the Senate and the House. The Senate extends the privilege a little further, so as to take in a few of the higher officials in the departments and one private citizen, by name Mr. George Bancroft.

The Pennsylvania "hemlock belt" embraces a tract probably fifty miles square, taking in a part of Potter, McKean, Cameron, Forest and Elk counties. Timber experts claim that this belt contains nearly one-half the timber now standing in the United States east of the Rocky Mountains and to this fact is due the establishing of several new and large tanneries in the vicinity of Oleon. Lumbermen estimate 15,000 feet in lumber and ten cords of bark to the acre in the belt making 50,000,000,000 feet of lumber and 10,000,000 cords of bark. Besides the hemlock there is a variety of hard woods, including cherry of the very best quality.

In the invention of writing machines America evidently has got ahead of all the rest of the world. Although the idea has been experimented upon in many countries for many years, the only machines of practical utility that have come into general use so far are those first patented in Washington. During the last year there were manufactured of the three leading styles---more than twelve thousand machines, or, as they are now generally called, type-writers, and the sale has kept the factories closely pushed all the time. One of the factories was built two years ago on a scale which it was calculated would afford ample accommodation for twenty-five years, and during the second year it had overgrown its capacity so that a new wing had to be added. It is said that the trade doubles about every year, and that more than 50,000 machines are now in daily use. They are exported all over the world, and the leading manufacturers have agents in every country.

Who Is My Friend?

Who is my friend? My little song shall say,
For that I do not find him every day;
Though if by that vexed name alone I guessed,
A motley multitude might pass the test,
Nor, to my ear, their speech its guile bewray.

I may not guage true friendship in that way;
The false like pure gold shines in Fortune's ray;
In its eclipse and shade I may know best
Who is my friend.

Since glittering ores oft fail the fire's assay,
And mocking jewels, in the glooms, grow gray,
Give me no changeful bosom for my rest—
Save that it warmer throbs when I'm sore pressed—
And such sweet faith shall prove beyond gainsay,
Who is my friend.

—[Youth's Companion.

WILLFUL MADGE.

BY IRENE PRESTON.

"They'll not treat me as if I were a grown-up child. They'll not select a husband for me. I detest Mark Thornton. I'll run away if they don't stop pestering me about him."

Madge had rushed from the presence of her elders, with rather disrespectful haste, had ordered Brownie, and was arranging herself hastily in her riding habit. Her eyes were flashing, and two red spots were burning in her dark cheeks.

She descended the stairs, holding her head like a young princess, not deigning to look right or left, and passed out into the sunshine. Tom held Brownie beside the block; Madge sprang into the saddle and galloped off down the road in the direction of Saxonville, a small railway and post-office station a few miles distant.

Miss Mary and Miss Martha watched the angry cloud of dust settle away, and then looked at each other helplessly. They meant well, they were painfully conscientious, after their light, but somehow they lacked the tact and wisdom to govern this girl, whom their brother had found in the south, shortly after the close of the war, a homeless, friendless child, and had brought her home and adopted her.

"She's so high-strung and willful," sighed Miss Mary.

"I wish George would come home," remarked Miss Martha. "Everything has gone wrong since he went away. He has a knack of smoothing things over. The more we try to smooth the more we ruffle her, and she's never been the same anyway since she came home from that visit in the west."

Miss Martha would have been still more unhappy had she known the exact foundation for the fact of her last assertion. Madge had formed the acquaintance of Alfred Winship during that visit. She had kept up a secret correspondence with him ever since, which was easily managed, since she always rode to the office for the mail, and was to-day expecting a letter.

"I am old enough to be my own mistress," she thought, all the petty restraints that had chafed her wilful, imperious spirit from childhood coming uppermost. "I will not submit any longer. I would like now to gallop on and on away into freedom. I am an alien any way. I feel like a caged bird all the time. There is wild blood in my veins, I believe. Whatever my parentage I never came of such hum drum stock as these people—never!"

Her thoughts touched upon Mark Thornton. He was owner of the estate adjoining that of Mr. Bishop. He was ten years older than she, and had made no secret of his preference for her. She liked him fairly well until she found that Miss Mary and Miss Martha wished her to marry him, when she began to treat him with freezing civility.

"Tame and commonplace, always reading and studying. What do I want of him?" she questioned spitefully, giving Brownie an extra touch with the whip. I want vim and dash of spirit. How Alfred Winship—"

She had reached the station. She rode up to the window, through which the postoffice clerk handed her mail as usual. She repaid him with a dazzling smile as she caught sight of Alfred's handwriting, lifting him into the seventh heaven, for she was beautiful, and in her gracious moods irresistible.

She let her reins fall upon Brownie's neck while she read Alfred's letter. Her heart gave a great bound. He was coming east, would be in Boston on the 16th.

"How delightful it would be," he wrote, "if you could get out of your cage for a week and meet me there. I suppose the dragons would as soon give you permission to visit the moon without an escort; and yet we could have a delicious time if you could join me."

Had some evil clairvoyance conveyed to Alfred Winship the present state of Madge's mind? In her unreasoning reckless mood, with her "balance wheel," George Bishop, away, she was open to any suggestion that had a spice of freedom in it.

"Why not break loose from this restraint at once and forever? Why not meet Alfred Winship as he suggested? She knew he was desperately in love with her, and she had never seen a happy moment since she parted from him.

"If I had any privileges like other girls," she thought bitterly, "I could invite him out to see me, but Miss Mary and Miss Martha would be scandalized at the mention of such a thing."

She glanced over the letter again. He had given her his Boston address, and, good gracious! tomorrow was the 16th. He would be there tomorrow.

Acting on a sudden impulse, she turned Brownie's head again towards the station, walked into the telegraph office and deliberately wrote this message:

"I shall leave for Boston on the 11.30 train. Meet me at the depot."

There! It was done and not to be repented of. She galloped home and took her place at the dinner table with a silent, subdued air.

She spent the rest of the day in her room making a few preparations, musing upon her grievances and picturing the meeting on the morrow alternately.

She was allowed to remain unmolested by the sisters, who were used to her moods.

There was a dash of Spanish gypsy blood in her veins, as she herself suspected. She had a daring disregard for conventionalities, which was now, under high pressure, overflowing its boundaries. Yet she was high-principled and warm-hearted at bottom, and would be easily governed by one who understood her complex nature with its seeming contradictions.

When Miss Mary and Miss Martha saw her gallop off the next day they little guessed that she wore a traveling suit under her riding habit, nor that she had stolen out the evening before and secreted a well-filled valise among the brushwood under the trees by the road, half a mile distant.

Making sure that no one was in sight, she secured the valise and rode on again until she came to a strip of woodland not far from the little depot. She removed her riding habit, then, after securing Brownie and lavishing parting caresses and a few tears upon him, she walked around the "bend" to the station, and was soon steaming over the road to Boston.

Excitement kept her up until, as the train neared Boston, she began to grow nervous. Suppose Alfred should not meet her? Suppose the telegram should have miscarried? Was she not doing a reckless thing?

She banished reflection. She struggled against a homesick feeling as she walked up the long platform of the depot and found her way to the ladies' room. She sat down near the door. Surely he would come soon. She had a lonely, unprotected feeling. Men passing the door gave her bold, rude, questioning glances she imagined.

At length, with a cry of relief in her heart, she caught a glimpse of Alfred's face at the door of the waiting room. He stood looking around uncertainly for a few moments, then, with rather unsteady steps, he crossed to where she sat, held out both hands and said familiarly, "Ah, here you are, beauty. I've been looking for you this half hour."

Madge was on her feet in a moment warding off his touch. His handsome face was flushed and the quality of his glance and smile was insulting. The odor of the potations he had imbibed sickened her. She could have sunk through the floor with shame and dread of him. He had undergone a metamorphosis. She had never seen him thus when she met him at the home of her friend. Something like disgust she felt, which was quickly succeeded by a flash of anger as he laid his hand upon her shoulder and said rather unsteadily, "Come and have something to eat. You must be hungry. You—you are under my protection, you know," he finished with a meaning laugh.

The effect upon Madge was maddening. She scorned him and herself for her folly. He quailed a little under the fire in her eyes, as she shook off his hand and stepped backward, with an imperious air, that had its effect upon him.

"I am not under your protection," she retorted, with a certain desperation in her voice and manner.

At that instant she saw Mark Thornton coming towards her across the marble floor.

Her first sensation was one of dismay that Mark had found her in such a compromising situation. The next moment she had rallied her forces.

"They have sent you after me," she said recklessly, after this quiet salutation. "If I return it will not be with you."

"I came on the train with you, but I was not sent," he returned, "and I have not the slightest intention of asking you to return with me. I thought you seemed in trouble, and I merely came to ask if I could be of service to you."

Madge looked up at him. He seemed so grand and grave and masterful in contrast with Alfred that a sudden sense of his superiority came to Madge like a revelation, while a fear that she had compromised herself forever in his eyes came over her as Alfred said sneeringly:

"I thought your engagement was with me, but it seems I am one too many."

With that he walked off. Madge's defiant mood broke down utterly. She was wretched, humiliated.

Mark stood regarding her gravely.

"You will despise me," she said. "I agreed to meet that man here. I made his acquaintance in the west last winter. They—they are driving me mad at home," she finished with tears of vexation in her eyes.

"I understand," Mark said slowly. In those few minutes he had found the keynote to the actions of this sweet, loving, willful, imperious creature, whom he loved so tenderly.

"What am I to do? How am I to go home and answer their questions?" Madge asked, looking to him in her extremity as a strong tower of protection.

"Will you leave it to me? Will you trust me to make it all right?" he asked.

"I will do anything you say," she answered, humbly, "if you will forgive my rudeness to you a few minutes ago."

"And I will retract my statement and ask you to go home with me," he said, with a smile. "The train leaves in half an hour. I will account for your absence. It shall never be known that you met any one."

How Madge's grievances diminished on that homeward ride! What a haven of rest her quiet room would seem if she once reached it, and how gentle and deferential Mark's manner was toward her!

Miss Mary and Miss Martha, who had been half frantic, were greatly relieved to see Madge under the protection of Mark Thornton, who pursued a high-handed course of explanation.

"Miss Madge and I have had an adventure today," he said, airily. "Will you ask no questions for the present and let Madge go at once to her room? Some day later I will explain. I am only sorry for your uneasiness."

The good women accepted the situation without a word. Mark was a sort of paragon with them. Madge was safe and there had been no alarm raised in the neighborhood. They could not be sufficiently thankful.

Madge learned her own heart that day. She now enjoys full freedom as the wife, friend and companion of Mark Thornton.

The Old Oaken Bucket.

Science goes for things dear to us without mercy. Everybody who has lived in the country and who knows the old well loves the "old oaken bucket." We all love it because we have read what the poet says about it, and in our schooldays we chose the poem as our "piece" and spoke it. We have quenched our thirst from the old oaken bucket with its contents after carefully looking into its dubious depths for "wigglers" or worms. We have balanced the rusty, dripping inconvenience on the curb and submerged our noses in the "nectar" we gulped. We have spilled the "crystal" on our shirt front and profanely growled as we felt it trickle down inside our collar. We have seen the leaking drizzle, from a hole in the bucket, spoil our five-cent shine. We have longed under these circumstances for a cheap glass tumbler or a common tin dipper, but in all our tribulations we never thought the old oaken bucket an iron-bound death dealer, but it seems that it is, for a scientist tells us that it is "a compound, condensed mass of nitrogenous and phosphatic filthiness, the home of the microbe, and the all-prevailing bacteria."—[Martha's Vineyard Herald.

Cure for Biliousness.

First, on getting up and going to bed drink plenty or cold water. Eat for breakfast, until the bilious attack passes, a little stale bread, say one slice, and a piece half as large as your hand of boiled lean beef or mutton. If the weather is warm, take instead a little cracked wheat or oatmeal porridge.

For dinner take about the same. Go without your supper.

Exercise freely in the open air, producing perspiration, once or twice a day. In a few days your biliousness is all gone. This result will come even though the biliousness is one of the spring sort, and one with which you have, from year to year, been much afflicted.

Herb drinks, bitter drink, lager beer, ale, whiskey, and a dozen other spring medicines are simply barbarous.---[Dr. Dio Lewis.

Sunshine a Remedy for Obesity.

But here is a secret for women troubled with obesity, which we anticipate will carry some weight, namely, that bodies exposed constantly to the sun "gain such activity of the blood forces as to prevent any excessive forming of adipose matter." It must not, however, be supposed that, on the other hand, plenty of sunshine is conducive to leanness. Not so, for the really healthful condition is neither fat nor lean, but shapely and plump, and the sun's rays quicken the nutrient functions, producing a beautiful and elastic roundness of form; indeed, the constant action of the sun upon a human body is like the effect upon a plant, vitalizing and strengthening to every part.—[Press.

The Age of Fishes.

Crows are commonly said to live for a hundred years and turtles are said to have even longer life; but if Professor Baird be right the greatest animal longevity is possessed by fishes. Professor Baird says that a fish has no maturity, there is nothing to prevent it from living indefinitely and growing continually. He cites in proof a pike, living in Russia, whose age dates back to the fifteenth century. In the royal aquarium at St. Petersburg there are fish that have been there 140 years.—[The Twin Cross.

A Leap Year Explanation.

Griggs—"See here, Slimley, a word with you before you go. You've been calling on my sister for three months, and I think it's about time to ask your intentions."

Slimley—"Perfectly honorable, Tom. She proposed to me to-night, and we'll be married soon."—[Sifting.

A SEAL HUNT.

Description of an Expedition in Quest of Sealskin.

The Animals are Surprised and Killed With Clubs.

Seals once having taken to a place will never desert it unless frequently alarmed. Here they periodically return to breed, and thence the old ones never wander far. Three expeditions, of two nights on each occasion at most, are made yearly, and as only one attack is possible each time, great caution and experience are necessary to ensure a good bag.

The oars have to be muffled, and the island approached according to the wind; for seals are not the sleepy creatures one associates with the 200, but post videttes in commanding positions, and on the slightest alarm there is a rush and a splash, and good-bye to your prospects for that night. Having disembarked in silence, the men, armed with heavy clubs somewhat resembling those longer than a policeman's staff, are posted at intervals of two or three yards on the glacis by which the seals invariably come and go. When all is ready every one begins to shout, and then comes a rush like a thousand sheep, and thwack, thwack, right and left, as hard as you like, and the more the better, followed by a splash, and every one makes for the boats and shoves off.

For the old bulls, often six feet and seven feet long, are very dangerous and will often follow a boat knawing at the gunwales. For purposes of commerce the old ones are absolutely worthless, and attention is only paid to the smallest and youngest. We started at one a. m., the writer continues, for the seal island. A glorious moon made every object as clear as day, and in about half an hour we found ourselves alongside about as difficult a landing-place as can well be conceived. Imagine then, a rather steep glacis, as slippery as a slide and extending without one friendly foothold for about twenty yards.

But our nimble companions lost no time in the ascent, and in less time than it takes to write it, we found ourselves seized by sturdy arms and in position at the top of the glacis. "Hoo, hoo!" interminigled with shouts such as none but Afrikander lungs could possibly emit, then rent the air, and then a roar such as I can only describe as that of a hundred oxen, followed by a scampering of what seemed a thousand feet and a literal avalanche of seals came tumbling past us and dashed furiously into the water.

Personally, I was too excited to do justice to my club; I struck about, regardless of all instructions, indiscriminately at old and young that came within reach, and was delighted to find when the counting began that I was the proud exterminator of four. The experts had, of course, done better, and our night's work for thirty-two clubs was represented by 316 seals. To make for the boats and shove off was the work of an instant; and, having laid-to for a short time in case of attack, we again landed, collected our victims and returned to the guano island.

The night's work, however, was by no means over; and after a hearty supper, the skinning process began and continued till well into the afternoon. The preliminary preparing (or braying as it is called) of the skins is somewhat peculiar; and as the fur known as sealskin is an undergrowth, all the bristles have to be removed,---i. e.: pulled backwards from the inside. In the very young animals these bristles have not appeared; hence, the value of the seal the younger he is, and the absolute worthlessness of the old bulls. On the following night the seals were to be left in peace; but on the Thursday we repeated the attack, with much the same experience and an addition of 207 to our bag, making a grand total of 523.—[London Field.

Mental Telegraphing.

It is said that the Indians on the plains have always practised a system of mental telegraphing among themselves, by means of which they communicate with each other almost instantaneously, and without messengers or signals. This mental telegraphing is by no means peculiar to the Indians on the plains of the United States. The same thing has been done by many people on the plains, and among the mountains, both of America and other countries, and is today, and always has been, one method of manifesting knowledge known to and practised by many persons.

The manner in which such communications are made seems to be, and is, a great mystery. Many theories about it have been suggested, all of which fall short of satisfying the minds of people as to how it is done. The fact that such communications are sent and received, and that they are often genuine and true, and that such is one mode of manifesting knowledge, is now almost universally conceded.—[St. Louis Republican.

Past Mending.

Bjones—That fellow Gagley tried to borrow five hundred dollars of me this morning.

Smythe—Five hundred. He must be cracked!

Bjones—No, he's not cracked. He's broke.—[Life.

The Virtues of the Violin.

In power, volume and variety of sound, the organ is justly entitled to be called the king of musical instruments. But in two important points it yields to the violin and to the other members of the violin tribe—the viola, the violoncello and the double bass. When some one asked Mozart to state what was requisite to constitute a good pianoforte-player, he touched his fingers, his forehead and his breast, thereby indicating that the pianoforte-player needs brain, feeling and dexterity of hand. Now, given the feeling, the piano is naturally so cold an instrument that even the most skillful performers on it find a difficulty in throwing all the feeling of which they are conscious into their playing. The violin, on the other hand, is a warm and sympathetic instrument, and readily responds to the mood of the performer. In other words, the connection between the performer and the instrument is more intimate in the case of the violin and its congeners than in that of any other instrument. Next, all other instruments lack the power of "singing." In this respect, the piano, the harp, the guitar, and its first cousin, the banjo, are notably deficient; since, rightly considered, they are merely instruments of percussion, and cannot even sustain the notes which they emit. The flute, the organ, and all other wind instruments, on the other hand, do possess this sostenente capacity. But they cannot, like the human voice, fill in, so to speak, the gaps in the gamut. But are there any gaps in the gamut? Most undoubtedly there are—enormous gaps. The octave at present in use among all civilized nations comprises but thirteen distinct sounds, all told. But in the scale constructed by scientists—Helmholtz and others—and hence called the Philosophical Scale or Gamut, the number of distinct sounds is seventeen; and even this gives but a very faint idea of the almost innumerable degree of tone, distinguishable by an acute ear, between, say middle C and its octave. Now, the human voice can render all these shades of sound, and so also can the violin tribe. The music produced on these instruments may, therefore, most aptly be termed "linked sweetness long drawn out."—[Cassell.

Effect of Glare upon Eyesight.

It appears that Professor Plateau, of the University of Ghent, while trying to observe the effects of the irritation of the retina gazed steadily at the sun for twenty seconds, the result being that chronic irido-choroiditis developed, ending eventually in total blindness. A number of cases are known in which choroiditis and retinitis occurred in persons who had observed an eclipse of the sun. The single flash of a sun-reflector has been known to cause retinitis, and other temporary visual disturbance of a functional character have been frequently noted. M. Reich has described a curious epidemic of snow blindness, which occurred among a body of laborers engaged in clearing a way through the masses of snow which obstructed the road between Passanaur and Mteti in the Caucasus; the rays of the sun reflected from the vast stretches of snow on every side, produced an intense glare of light, which the unaccustomed eye could not support without the protection of dark glasses. A few of the sturdiest among the laborers were able to work with impunity, but the majority suffered so much that among seventy strongly marked cases thirty were so severe that the men were absolutely unable to continue work or to find their way home and lay prone on their faces, striving to hide their faces from the light and crying out from pain. Recovery was gradual but complete.

A Pet Ostrich's Mishap.

When, as sometimes happens, a solitary chick is reared at the farmhouse, it becomes absurdly and often inconveniently tame. One called Jackie was the terror of all the little Africans about the place; for, as they sat on the ground with plates of rice and pumpkin in their laps Jackie would bear down upon them, requisitioning from one plate after another. Occasionally he acted in such a menacing manner that the youngsters dropped their plates and ran away crying. Jackie would then squat on his heels among the debris and regale his enormous appetite at leisure. But one day retribution came. Having spotted the pot in the kitchen out of which the pumpkin and rice always came, he thought he would attack the fountain head, so plumping his head into the pot, he greedily scooped up, and, with the lightning-like rapidity of ostriches, tossed down his throat a large mouthful of boiling rice. Poor fellow! the next moment he was dancing round the kitchen, writhing in agony, shaking his head nearly off, and twisting his neck as if bent on tying it into a knot. Finally he dashed wildly from the house; and the last that was seen of him was a little cloud of white dust vanishing on the horizon.---[St. James Gazette.

A Well Endowed County.

Randolph County, in West Virginia, has many things to be proud of. Its area is nearly as great as that of Rhode Island. It has the highest mountain in the state---Mount Bayard. The Wilson vein of coal is the richest in the world. The Scott family, on Roaring Creek, will outweigh any family in the United States, and Winchester Park, in the county, is the largest game preserve east of the Rockies.---[New York World.

What Allspice Is.

"What is allspice?" a New York Telegram reporter asked of an importer of spices and coffee.

"Most persons would hazard the answer," was the reply; "that it is 'a mixture of spices in which there are several ingredients. Cinnamon, mace, nutmeg, cloves and cardamons are popularly supposed to be mingled in it, the result being a flavoring mixture of special merit.' It is true that allspice does combine a very agreeable variety of flavors, but it is a simple and not a compound product. We are indebted for it to the tropical islands of the West, but practically all that comes into commerce is the growth of one island---Jamaica.

"Allspice is a name given to the powdered berries of what is known elsewhere as pimento, or Jamaica pepper. It is a handsome evergreen tree, something like the arbutus. The bright, glossy leaves have quite a spicy odor when bruised, and recall at once the allspice of commerce. The flowers grow in dense clusters almost like those of the hawthorn, but greenish in color. Following these come small green, aromatic berries, the size of black peppers. The berries are gathered green, carefully dried in the sun, and when cured, packed in bags holding 160 to 180 pounds, and shipped.

"Pimento trees are natives of many parts of tropical America, but nowhere are they so plentiful or thrive so well as in Jamaica. The trees practically grow wild, and the whole industry is one in which man does little except reap the results.

"The pimento or allspice industry is quite large. In 1874, a bad year, the value of the product was only $180,000; in 1870 it was $730,000. The growers seldom get more than four cents a pound for it when cured.

"The trees are never planted by the husbandman; it is all the work of birds, who feed on the ripe pimento berries and scatter the seeds over the land. The seed soon germinates and the warm genial rains and tropical sun do the rest. The surplus plants, when a grove is thinned out, are shipped to make walking sticks and umbrella handles of. The wood of the pimento is very close in texture, takes a high polish and is of fine, rich color.

"The pimento 'picking' is a season of great activity and excitement in the growing districts. Troops of negroes go together. The men break off the berry-laden branches, hand them to the women, who, sitting in a circle and chattering as only negro women can chatter, strip them by hand.

"The allspice industry has been in existence in Jamaica since 1771. Even so early as that period about 3,000,000 pounds have been exported. An excellent liquor, known as 'pimento cordial,' or 'pimenty dram' is made from the berries, and is considered among swell Jamaica families as the finest wine that is made."

The Honey Plant.

At the last meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science specimens of a new honey plant were exhibited. Six years ago it was sown, with other seeds from Florida by Mr. Chapman of Versailles. The plant is classified by Beal and Scrinton as the Echinops sphærocephala. It belongs to the teasel family, and, a native of Central France, has in some unaccountable manner become naturalized in Florida. It grows from four to five feet high, and bears large prickly leaves like those of a thistle, and from twenty to thirty heads of small white flowers which open from the top downward. The flowers are very productive of nectar, and are therefore very attractive to bees, 2,135 of which, by actual count visited one head of a plant between 5 a. m. and 7 p. m. Thirty heads furnished supplies for 60,000 bees.

The Olive in California.

The olive is to be a source of great wealth to Northern California. It will flourish here better than in Italy, where about 2,000,000 acres are devoted to the tree. We say "better" advisedly, because in the new soil of this state the yield is fully double to the acre attained in the warm soil of Italy. There is no tree worthy of so much attention here. It is pre-eminently adapted to the foot hill region, since it thrives in the dryest and most rocky soil without irrigation, and in such situations gives oil of a finer quality than that obtained from olive orchards on rich alluvial soil. But both valley and foothills are suitable to the olive.—[Oroville (Cal.) Register.

The Professional Waker-up.

A very curious business is that of the professional waker-up, says the New York Sun. He is employed by the surface men to wake them up early in the morning. His duty is onerous and requires the utmost punctuality and regularity. A failure to wake up one of his employers would result in the losing of his situation by the latter. His duties are particularly arduous in bad weather. Sometimes long distances have to be traversed between the homes of his patrons. A half hour is usually allowed for the driver or conductor to swallow a cup of hot coffee and bolt a sandwich. But as a rule the waker-up is well paid for his work and very seldom fails to be on time.

A balloon is like a boom. It inflates easily, rises very high and nobody is hurt until it comes down, and then it wrecks alike the just and unjust.

A SPY NEARLY HANGED.

A Whisky Trust Detective Ill-Used by Angry Workmen.

The only distillery in Chicago that is outside the whisky "Trust" is that of H. F. Shufeldt & Co. Ever since the formation of the Trust last August it has waged bitter warfare on the Shufeldt firm to force them to come into the fold. To help this on the Trust hired J. T. Wolck, a private detective, to watch the firm and obtain the addresses of their customers. The object of his work was ascertained by the firm, when Ellison & Harvey, of Richmond, Va., wrote Shufeldt & Co. that they had been offered gin at six cents per gallon less than they sold it at by a Trust distillery.

A lawyer was consulted, but the firm found that they had no legal redress against the spy or his employers. Wolck, who had been hanging around the distillery trying to get access to it on all sorts of pretenses, finally asked one of the partners for employment as a workman. He was readily engaged, but the other workmen were informed who he was. The spy had just pulled out his note book to copy the shipping directions on some barrels, when forty workmen surrounded him yelling, "Hang the spy." Wolck made an effort to draw a revolver, but he was knocked down and disarmed, besides receiving numerous kicks. A rope was then thrown around his neck, and the workmen would have lynched him, had not the distillery proprietors interfered. Wolck begged for mercy and agreed to tell all he knew if he was only let go. The workmen led him to a post and a notary public was sent for to whom Wolck made a statement giving the names of his employers. Then the workmen kicked him out into the street and as he fled showered stones after him.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

IT cost an even $100,000 to run the Detroit club last year.

THE St. Paul Club has furnished free passes to the clergymen of that city.

"BUCK" EWING will captain the New York League nine in the coming struggle.

EVEN the best batsmen will do well this season to reach .350 under the three strike rule.

JOHN M. WARD, of the New York League Club, is writing a history of the National game.

HOY, Washington's deaf-mute fielder, made eight base hits in three games at New Orleans.

HARRY WRIGHT, the veteran manager of the Philadelphia League Club, is fifty three years of age.

A Hot Springs physician declares that Krock, the new Chicago pitcher, is "built like a gladiator."

THE Tri-State League, comprising West Virginia, Ohio and Michigan, has three deaf mute players.

THE Brooklyn American Association team this season cost almost $40,000. Six of the players are bridegrooms.

IT is asserted that neither the Cincinnati, Washington or New York clubs benefited materially by their Southern trip.

THE baseball fever has invaded Georgia in epidemic form, and the colored women and girls in parts of the State indulge in the game.

IT is claimed that there are more veteran players in the Boston team than in any other club in either the League or American Associations.

THE Boston directors have decided to arrange their in-field as follows: Morrill, first base; White, second base; Sutton, short-stop, and Nash, third base.

THE petition of Harvard graduates to the Governing Board of the college in favor of allowing the Harvards to practice with professionals has been refused.

"MIKE" KELLY, the $10,000 baseball player, appeared at the Park Theatre, Boston, as Dusty Rob in "A Rag Baby" for a week and is said to have been successful.

M. L. ANDERSON, of the Haverly Baseball Club of Oakland, Cal., recently dropped dead while practicing on the ball field. An autopsy showed that heart disease was the cause.

C. SCOTT STRATTON is a young pitcher, barely eighteen years old, picked up by Manager Kelly for the Louisville American Association club. He has a record of striking out nineteen amateurs.

CLARKSON, one of the leading pitchers in the country, has been sold by Chicago to Boston for $10,000. Clarkson's accession will make Boston a prominent candidate for championship honors.

THE Akron (Ohio) Baseball Club has been declared insolvent by the courts and a receiver appointed. Judgments amounting to $12,950.89 were entered and the stockholders ordered to pay $20 a share, which will enable the club to settle at 50 cents on the dollar.

IF the St. Louis American Association champions capture first, second or third place this season President Von der Ahe will present each player with $100. He has also promised each player, under contract with him, $25 if no fine is imposed during the season.

THE Boston League Club within one year has paid out $51,500 for players, has agreed to give over $4000 in increased salaries this season, and is building a grand stand which will actually cost $75,000. They will pay this year $18,700 in salaries to five players—Sowders, Clarkson, Morrill, Radbourn and Kelly.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

MR. GLADSTONE plays the violin—with no great success, however.

EVERY few days the Queen Regent of Spain sits for a new photograph.

REV. E. P. ROE and Mark Twain each make over $20,000 a year by their pens.

REV. MR. SPURGEON, the London divine, sometimes wears a single-barreled eye glass.

"BOB" GARRETT, ex-President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, is hunting tigers in India.

THE daughter of Prince Nicholas, of Montenegro, is to be betrothed to the Czarewitch of Russia.

DR. JOHN HALL is worth a million and preaches to a New York congregation worth $400,000,000.

THE Prince of Wales's income from the Duchy of Cornwall was nearly $500,000 for the last year.

ROBERT LEWIS STEVENSON, the author of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," was paid $8000 for his latest novel.

WILLIAM L. SCOTT, of Erie, Penn., pays his cook twice the salary which he himself receives as Congressman.

WHILE W. W. Corcoran, the philanthropist, was on his death-bed he drew a check for $500 for the widow of a young man who had committed suicide.

DR. OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES, has presented his large and valuable collection of medical and surgical books to the Medical Library of Boston.

J. E. FITZGERALD, of Montana, the President of the Irish National League in America, was fifteen years ago earning 50 cents a day. Now he is worth $5,000,000.

UNITED STATES SENATOR REAGAN has held public office for fifty years, his first appointment being to the position of surveyor of public lands in Texas, along toward the end of the thirties.

HENRY BERGH, the late New York humanitarian, was a lawyer and drew his own will. Each of the two codicils were witnessed by a single witness, and was therefore invalid, as the law requires two witnesses.

ELIZABETH CADY STANTON, the woman suffragist, is still a noticeably fine looking woman with great masses of white hair and a strong, intelligent face. She avows herself as enthusiastically enlisted in the woman suffrage campaign as ever.

JOAQUIN MILLER is living at present in a little red-wood house, about twelve feet high by something like thirty feet in length, perched away up on the side of a naked and rocky mountain near Oakland, Cal., at a height of several hundred feet above the sea.

UNITED STATES SENATOR PALMER has a lake on his Michigan farm stocked with carp, and wishes he hadn't. He calls them the "hog of the sea," because they wallow and burrow in the mud and keep the water continually dirty. He has tried to seine them out, but he cannot do so.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates, see first page

Communications relative to any of the interests of the Albemarle District solicited.

FIRST DISTRICT REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

There will be a Convention of the Republican Party of the First Congressional District of North Carolina held at Edenton on the 6th day of June 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., to elect two Delegates and two Alternates to the Republican National Convention to be held at Chicago on the 19th of June. Each county is entitled to delegates equal to twice the number of its Representatives in the lower House of the General Assembly. The Republicans of the counties of the District are requested to meet and appoint said delegates as early as practicable, and a general invitation is extended to all, without regard to past political affiliations who are in sympathy with the principles of the Republican Party, to join.

E. A. WHITE,
April 4, 1888. Chair'n Ex. Com.

A FEW MORE TARIFF POINTS

It is an admitted fact—admitted by every one who is informed, and shown by statistics—that the wages of the working people are higher in the United States than in any other country. This is a fact too often lost sight of by labor agitators and others, but it is one that should be kept in mind.

Furthermore, it is necessary that the National Government shall obtain the greater portion of its revenue from the taxation of imported goods. There must, therefore, be a tariff. The friends of what is called a "protective" tariff say that the duties shall be laid on all goods manufactured abroad and imported into this country, which we can manufacture here; and upon all products, such as wheat, wool, iron ore, lumber, etc which our country produces; and that we should admit free of duty only the things we cannot manufarture, and the products that we cannot grow, for that are not found among our minerals.

They hold that the duty on each article on which the tariff is laid shall be high enough to *equalize the cost of production* between this country and other countries; that is, the duty on each imported article shall be at least enough to make up the difference between good good wages here and pauper wages abroad.

THE GRASS CROP OF THE UNITED STATES.

It is not generally known that the grass crop of this country amounts in value to over a thousand million dollars a year. This shows that it is of immense importance. It is really the foundation of all our animal food. "All flesh is grass" saith the Scriptures, and rightly considered, we find this to be true in its most literal sense. Said a United States Senator in a recent speech:

"The quality and quantity of our meats, our wool, our butter, our cheese, and our milk very largely depend upon the kind and quality of grass which is cultivated throughout the United States. To put it tersely, good grass means good beef and good mutton, and good pork, and good butter and good cheese and good milk."

We think a mistake has been made by the Agricultural Department, as well as by the leading agriculturists in not paying more attention to the subject of grasses. The cereals have had their share of scientific investigation and of practical investigation to determine how the best wheat and the best corn, and the best oats, and the best barley might be grown; but the cultivation and development of the best qualities of grass have been very much neglected. Let this subject have the attention its value and importance entitles it to.

WILL IT WORK.

An intelligent looker on at Washington writes it as his opinion that the Administration has no serious expectation that the Mills bill will be passed. He says that a great pother will be made over it for a time, and then it will be dropped. This will enable Cleveland to say to the free trade Democrats of the country that the Administration tried to meet their views, while, on the other hand, the protective Democrats will be quietly told that the Mills bill was only introduced to please the free traders, without any intention of passing it. Then the President will go to the St Louis Convention with the support of both wings of the party, without really having done anything for either. The fate of the man who attempted to ride two horses going in different ways is well known.

When the Democrats went out of power in 1861 they left the country in a most deplorable condition in respect of its money circulation. When it assumed power again in 1884 it found that the Republicans, during their twenty-four years of administration, had given to the country the best and most stable system of currency possessed by any nation on the earth.

The Democrats of Norfolk had a regular "monkey and parrot performance" at their primaries the other day. Not trusting each other, it was proposed to string the ballots instead of putting them in boxes! Gross fraud is charged, an indignation meeting has been held and a committee to investigate appointed,

THE RALEIGH BANK ROBBERY.

The Bank robbers reached Raleigh on the 9th inst, in charge of Chief of Police Heartt. A bond of $15,000 each was fixed, failing to give it, they were put in jail. Their trial will take place in July. They left Canada on conditions of the following agreement:

Representing the State of North Carolina in the matter of the indictments pending against Charles E. Cross and Samuel C. White in the Superior Court of the county of Wake, and as United States attorney for the eastern district of North Carolina, charged with the prosecution of all offences against the United States in the said district, I do hereby stipulate and covenant to and with the said Chas. E. Cross and Samuel C. White, that if they shall surrender themselves to Charles D. Heartt, the person designated by the President of the United States to receive them under the extradition laws, without any proceeding under the extradition act and the treaty, and shall as far as they may be able, aid in the delivery to the present receiver of the State National Bank, F. H. Busbee, of the money brought by said Cross and White to Canada, and shall return with the said Heartt and *posse* to the State of North Carolina, there to be dealt with according to law, I will not institute or cause to be instituted in the courts of the United States any indictment or prosecution for any offence under the National Banking Laws, there being no offence embraced in said laws, for which they should be extradited, and that in behalf of the State there shall be no prosecution instituted against them or either of them, other than those for which extradition is or was about to be sought, to-wit:

1. An indictment for forging a promissory note for $6,250, purporting to be signed by D. H. Graves and W. H. Sanders and a count or indictment for uttering the same.

2. An indictment for forging a promissory note for $6,250, purporting to be signed by W. H. Avera and D. I. Barber, and a count for uttering the same.

3. An indictment for forging a promissory note for $5,8000 (exact amount not certain) purporting to be signed by H. A. Morgan, James Parker and C. O. Riddick, and a count for uttering the same.

That said Cross and White shall be received under like conditions as if they had been extradited upon this prosecution and none other.

C. E. CROSS,
SAM. C. WHITE
F. H. BUSBEE,
In all capacities.

Mr. Busbee announces that he was empowered by Gov. Scales to act for the State, and that he had full authority from the proper officers at Washington to act for the Government. He obtained the money which he has deposited in New York subject to the Courts. It is claimed by the prisoners that the forged notes were simply placed among the assets of the bank to make its condition appear sound and that no money was obtained on them. Cross says the Bank was broken when he went into it and intimatet that he will make some developments when placed on the stand. There is strong grounds of the belief of rottenness existing for a long time. Let it be probed to the bottom.

TRUE EVERYWHERE.

At a recent meeting at Hartford, Ct., one of the speakers, after riddling the arguments advanced about the tariff robbing the farmer, added:

"I will tell you, my friends, were it not for protection the farmers of this State who now find a market in our manufacturing towns would long ago have been compelled to sell out and have taken Horace Greeley's advice and gone West. Yes, you know this as well as I. Our manufacturing towns sustain the farmers and the tariff sustains our manufactories."

And this is true everywhere. The more manufacturers in any section the better home market for the farmers.

A PRACTICAL ILLUSTRATION

A Hosiery manufacturer at Albany, N. Y., says that if the Democratic bill passes and the duty on wool is removed, making woolen goods free, he will close of his Albany business and go to Europe, for he could make American goods there with foreign labor for half what it costs here; and then, without any tax on his goods, could ship them over here and beat every manufacturer in the United States on his own grounds. This is a practical illustration of the effect that free trade would have upon working men.

In speaking of the recent lecture by Dr. Grissom on "Mental Hygiene," the Raleigh *News* says:

It was one of those rare intellectual and literary treats in which for an hour or more interest never for one instant flags, and in which the speaker exercises an influence almost mesmeric over every listener. To the average mind, such a treatise as was presented last night by Dr. Grissom is a miracle.

The workingmen of the country are awakening to the belief that it is the duty of the National Government to see that honest labor has full employment at fair wages, and thus enable them to secure homes worthy of American freemen. Neither of these follow Democratic policy.

The Waynesville News says the Democrats of North Carolina have come a-Cross another White man who can steal.

March was the most disastrous month the Railroad Companies have ever experienced.

A Little History.

Senator Wilson of Iowa.

No like number of years in the history of any nation are so crowded with serviceable lessons for study by political economists as are those which commenced on the 4th day of March, 1861, and followed on down to the present time. No candid mind can review the events of these years without coming to the conclusion that the political party which entered upon the administration of the affairs of this country on that memorable day was one of dauntless courage and unbounded capacity. It was the Republican party that then took upon itself the legislative, executive and judicial powers of this Republic on that crucial day, and its subsequent course of action demonstrated that it possessed both of the essential qualities I have mentioned Neither time nor change of conditions nor partisan criticisms can disturb the fact I have stated. It is too firmly imbedded in the history, the affairs, the success, the prosperity, the masterful position, the satisfactory results possessed by our people ever to be eliminated or seriously affected.

Had the Republican party been deficient in either courage or capacity it would have broken down in the first year of its administration of our national affairs. But it did not break down. It took up its great work, carried it on, and effected success as no other party in the history of nations had ever done. Supreme courage and boundless legislative and executive capacity were requisite to the work imposed on it by the startling and exceptional circumstances and exigencies which confronted it. The Government was without money and without credit Both were essential, not only to success, but also to continue existence. Both were created in volume so vast that the consuming demands of one of the mightest wars that ever preyed on a nation's endurance could not exhaust them. The total aggregate receipts of the Government, excluding loans, for the year 1861 was but $41,476,299. The net ordinary expenditure including interest, was $66,650,213. The war was on, the Republican party was in power, and the first year of its legislation and administration gave evidence of its capacity to meet any emergency; for while the total ordinary receipts, excluding loans, for 1862, was only $51, 919,261, the total net ordinary expenditures, including interest, were $469,570,241. Three years thereafter the net ordinary receipts, excluding loans, increased to $322,031,158, and the total ordinary expenditures, including interest, reached the vast sum of $1,295,099,289. In the matter of the public debt the figures for the years referred to are most instructive. In 1861 it amounted to $90,580,873.72. In 1865 it had rised to the vast sum of $2,680,647, 869,74, and one year thereafter—1866—it reached the highest point and was $2,774,236,173.69. From that time to the present it has steadily diminished. Step by step, year by year, the process of reduction has gone on, until now it is but $1,225, 593,401.99.

What lessons do these facts present? What do they teach us? Why, that the Republican party had that practical capacity that could evolve a boundless credit for a Government that was bankrupt in both money and credit when it took charge of its affairs. We need but to consult the quotations representing the prices of the obligations of the United States in the public markets for the years 1860 and 1888 to learn how low the credit had gone in the first year and how high it ranks in the present. Then it was at a discount of about 13 per cent. for obligations bearing 6 per cent. interest, now it commands 26 per cent. premium for bonds bearing but 4 per cent. interest, and this result comes from no change in our financial system effected by the political party now in possession of the executive department of the Government and of that legislative body which, under our Constitution, alone can originate revenue bills,

Mr. President, the world's history in respect of political administration supplies no fitting companion piece for the case which the courage and capacity of the Republican party wrought out during the twenty-four years in which it administered the affairs of this nation. No age, or time, or nation, or party can match it. It stands alone in its strenght and beauty. It is unique as a political creation in every respect. How it could have been created is a wonder which grows all the more perplexing to minds not trained in the school of political science which teaches that the mere carrying of elections and the winning of partisan successes are not the chief ends of government Indeed, it perplexes many sturdy minds of honest purpose when they undertake to study the refult by resorting to an examination of the details of the marvelous facts and events that are encased in those eventful years from 1861 to 1865, both included. The waste of war, the interruption of the ordinary occupations of men, the drain of money, the strain of credit, the want of development of national industries, the absence of a remunerative foreign commerce, the need of a sound financial system, were all present factors in the first of those years, and some of them continued through the entire series. These were not signs of promise. Rather were they patents of disaster and failure. But they did not daunt the courage nor dissipate the capacity os the Republican party It took up its burden, looked its task in the face, and resolutely went its way to victory.

The Revenuers.

North State.

A case in the United States Court shows how hard up the Democratic revenue nosers are for business. James Leonard, of Randolph county, was on his way home, and while passing a still in operation, saw it was boiling over, when he put on the cap and cooled it off. He told this as a neighborly act; still he was indicted and found guilty of violating the revenue laws, and made to pay a fine. No wonder the people are getting sick of democratic revenue officers!

The Causes of Deaths in Ten of the Principal Towns of the State.

Bulletin.

Typhoid fever was the cause of death in 4 cases, malarial fever in 3, measles in 3, pneumonia in 24, consumption in 23, brain diseases in 12, heart diseases in 8, neurotic diseases in 5; from all other couses not enumerated there were 47 deaths—making in all 129 deaths in the month of February, giving a monthly death rate of 13.4.

Considering the number of cases of measles, three deaths directly from this cause is a very small mortality. We have no means of knowing how many of the 24 cases of pneumonia were due to that cause. Of the 23 cases of consumption, 15 were among the colored people.

Chronic Diseases.

From the earliest historic times there has been more or less discussion as to what constitutes a chronic disease, as distinct from an acute malady. The plainest presentation of this subject that we have met with is contained in "Plain Home Talk," commencing on page 333. Dr. E. B. Foote, the author of the book, has been engaged for thirty years in studying, treating and writing about chronic diseases, and he has well earned the reputation of being the expert specialist in practice, as well as being regarded a high authority in theory. The doctor still invites and receives consultations from the sick in all parts of the civilized world; either in person or by letter at his office in New York, 120 Lexington Ave.

Practical Arithmetic.

"You can't add different things together," said a teacher in one of the New York public schools. "If you add a sheep or cow together, it does not make two sheep or two cows." A little boy who was the son of a Harlem milkman, held up his hand and said: "That may do with sheep or cows, but if you add a quart of milk and a quart of water, it makes two quarts of milk. I've seen it done more'n a thousand times."—Texas Siftings.

"If the Democratic Congressmen from North Carolina want the people of North Carolina to believe they are in earnest about repealing the odious and unreasonable internal revenue law, they must vote for the Randall bill, instead of that of Mr. Mills. Mills and his committee did not fulfill their promise to Southern gentlemen who interviewed them." —Charlotte Democrat.). Keep this slug going.

Disgusted With Mill's Bill.

Memphis Avalanche, Dem.

It is a mere makeshift. It dodges the whole question. . . The bill should be handed back to the committee, with the recommendation that t be torn up and another substituted.

Style and Style.

OLD.

Farmer at the plough,
Wife milking cow,
Daughters spinning yarn,
Sons thrashing in the barn,
All happy to a charm.

NEW.

The farmer gone to see a show,
His daughter at the piano,
Madam gaily dressed in satin,
All the boys are learning Latin,
With a mortgage on the farm,

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at Wood & Wadsworth's Drug Store as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup and all throat and lung disease quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size $1. Every bottle warranteed.

The amount of cotton from the beginning of the crop year to March 30 was 6,449,696 bales. The average receipt from March to September added to that total would make the crop of 1887 about 7,025,000 bales, which would be the largest crop ever produced by over 3,000 bales.

STATE ITEMS

The Fayetteville Journal wants a Fruit and Vegetable Fair held there.

A woman in Newberne was tried and convicted, and fined for destroying flowers in the cemetery.

Mr. Perrson raised $8,500 at one meeting for a building for the Young Men's Christian Association Wilmington.

The Newbere Journal says the late freshet in the Neuse river has been a serious drawback to the herring fisheries.

Prof. E. E. Smith, of Goldsboro, Principal of the Colored Normal School at Fayetteville, has been appointed Minister to Liberia.

At the last term of court a Wilkes county man obtained a divorce, or in other words, his freedom. He retained his liberty only ten days when he married again.

The Granville county Commissioners have given the Grays a lease for ninety-nine years of a lot for the purpose of building an Armory. They also gave them $150.

Cardinal Gibbons will go to Asheville on the 27th inst, to attend the Conference of Southern Catholic Bishops to discuss methods of promoting immigration to the South.

The Wilmington Star say the catch of shad in the Cape Fear river is unprecedented It is estimated that so far this season the fishermen engaged in the business have taken 50,000, and that by the 1st of May the number will reach 75,000. Last year the catch was double that of the previous season, and this year's catch will probably be one-third more than the catch of last year,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"THE MATCHLESS."
—0—
SPRING MILLINERY GOODS
AT MRS. WHITE'S.

The largest, finest and cheapest Stock ever brought to Elizabeth City.

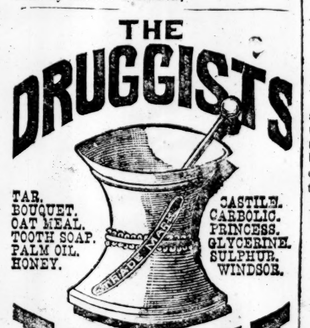
Ladies are cordially invited to call and examine.

DITCHING.

I take this method of announcing that I have returned and am prepared to take contracts, as heretogore, for
— DITCHING. —
I guarantee to give satisfaction. Address me at Elizabeth City.
JAMES L. WHITE.

MRS. M. HILL,
DEALER IN FIRST-CLASS
Millinery, Notions & Fancy Goods,
MOURNING GOODS A SPECIALTY
Orders from a distance will receive prompt attention.
Old Bank Building, Road Street, Elizabeth City, N. C. 43-51

Home-Made Tin-Ware,
—BY—
H. O. HILL,
The Tinner,
Fearing St. Dock, Elizabeth City, N. C.
And GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen.



Manufactured expressly for the drug trade from Olive Oil and other selected material. Always the same. Gives general satisfaction. For sale by all first-class druggists. Call for the Druggists' Toilet Soap and take no other. Manufactured by
GRAHAM BROS. & CO., CHICAGO.

NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the late Richard Brothers, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make im mediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same, to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be plead in bar of their recovery.
ELIZABETH BROTHERS
April 4, 1888. Administratrix

NEW ALBEMARLE HOUSE,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
FRANK M. GRICE. Prop'r.
TERMS: $2.00 Per Day
The attention of the traveling public is invited to this large and elegant Hotel, It has been refited and made first class. It is centrally located, within a block of the telegraph and post offices, and convenient to the railroad and steamboat
The Proprietor will spare no effort to make the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for his patrons. The rooms are large, well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best

THINK DEEPLY
When you are contemplating a purchase of anything in our line, no matter how small may be the amount involved.
ACT WISELY
By coming to look over our large and well assorted stock of all that is new and seasonable.
Decide Quickly
To buy of us. After seeing the prices and examining the quality of our goods you can't resist them Is is impossible to do better elsewhere.
NO BETTER VALUES
Can be found. We get the choice of the best goods on the market and our command of ready cash to purchase with enables us to buy at
Prices Wonderfully Low
We are always ready to see you and show you our astonishing bargains.
ROBINSON & CO.,
WhOlesale & Retail Dealers in
Groceries, Hardware, Stoves & Tinware,
Queensware, Paints, Oils, Ship-Chandlery, Lime, Etc., Etc.
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ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

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Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
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Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY
accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.
The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
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Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

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THIS IS THE BEST, CHEAPEST, MOST CONVENIENT
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THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising

(PRIVATE.)

DEAR AUNT SUSAN:

It is with the greatest pleasure that I sit down to write to you, for when you were here you wanted me to be sure and let you know when I returned from New York with my new Spring Stock.

I am very proud to tell you that I have bought one of the nicest stocks of Spring Goods that was ever brought to our City. We have commenced opening them, and they are turning out splendid. Our line of Ladies' Dress Goods, are just "exquisite," as the ladies say. They consist of almost all kinds and qualities. We also have some of the handsomest *Satins* ever in this market, which were bought right down at the lowest prices, and we do not intend to be undersold by any of our competitors, as our motto is to always try to please our customers and many friends, and by selling goods *right down at bottom prices* is the way to please and serve them all.

Our goods are still coming in, and as large as our immense Store is I have just been telling Ed. Swain, one of our clerks, "I just wish I could stretch our store out a little to hold our goods."

We are to-day receiving Dress goods, and to just give you an idea of what is coming in, I will name a few of the different kinds. First, I will mention some of the Trimmings to be used: Moires, Sarah Silk, Plush, Silk Plush, Cable Cords, Guimps, Satins, Velvets—all of these we are well supplied with in every shade and color. Now for the Dress goods:—FRENCH TRECOTS; FRENCH FLANNELS; DELAY PLAIDS, BATTUS CLOTH HENRIETTA CLOTH; CANVAS CLOTH; CASHMERES, in all shades; ALAPACHAS; POPLINS; LAWNS; PIQUES; INDIA LINENS; CHECK NANSOOKS,

and many others, which I will be more than pleased to have you came and look over with your friends. Please show my letter to Uncle John's folks, and tell him to be sure and bring the girls with him when he comes to the city again, as I know they will all be pleased to give our stock a good look over.

I had almost forgot to tell you about a small lot of fine DRESS GINGHAMS that I happened to pick up in New York. They are well worth 12½ cents a yard, but there were only 110 pieces in the lot, and as I do not care much for quantity, but quality and prices, I made an offer for the lot and got them. As I remarked, these goods are worth 12½ cents a yard, but I am going to put the price right down to 10 cents. These goods are of the most beautiful styles I ever bought, and of *superior quality*.

You must bring the boys over to look at our fine line of Men's and Boy's Clothing. We are now receiving from the Factories our Spring Clothing, and to tell you the plain truth, I have never seen clothing so cheap and of such good quality. Why just to think! we will be able to sell clothes for men from $3.25 a suit up to the finest; and our cheapest suits this spring, where it is not all wool, we can guarantee perfectly fast colors.

We have some of the daisiest fine black Calk Screws coming in you ever saw—some I bought at a big reduction by taking the entire lot, and, to please my customers, I intend to sell them as I got them, very cheap. As for other kinds of men's and boy's clothing, such as light suits, don't say a word but just come over and examine the quality and hear our prices, and you'll be convinced that we are not to be outdone by any one, but *sell cheaper*.

Please give my kindest regards to Uncle John, and tell him that business still keeps up and plenty of it. We are selling stacks of goods.

Our store is the place to buy Men's and Boy's Straw Hats. We have the largest and most complete line that I ever saw in our city, and at prices that will suit every one; so be sure and come to see me.

Remember that I will do my best to please you, and intend to sell goods right down cheap. My kindest regards to all.

H. WEISEL,

Leader of Low Prices,

At the Foot of Water St.,

NEAR THE DOCK.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1888

ELIZABETH CITY CHURCHES.

EPISCOPAL. Rev. H. A. Skinner, Rector. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 2:30 P. M. All cordially invited

METHODIST. Rev. J. T. Whitley, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

BAPTIST. Rev. George Baker, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Seats free. Invitation extended to all.

A. M. E. ZION. Rev. S. F. Dickson, Pastor. Service every Sunday at 2:30 P. M., and 7. P. M

☞ Keep learning.

☞ Practice what you know.

☞ The season is advancing.

☞ This is the 109th day of the year.

☞ And it is 13 hours and 15 minutes in length.

☞ An immense amount of lumber is being manufactured here. All the mills are busy.

☞ The wise farmer spends no idle time now.

Early to plow and early to reap,
The graneries all with golden grain heap.

☞ The Pasquotank Democrats will hold their County Convention on the 12th of May to appoint delegates to the State Convention.

☞ The season of the Net fishermen is nearly over, some of them getting ready to pull up. Many of them have done well.

☞ We are reliably informed that the amount in cash paid out through the Bank here for fish has averaged over $5,000 a day since the season opened.

☞ By a change authorized by the Governor, the next term of the Courts of Dare, Tyrrell and Hyde will be held by Hon. H. G. Connor, Judge of the Third District, instead of by Judge Montgomery.

☞ Judge Seymour reached here yesterday and opened Federal Court. F. H. Busbee, U. S. Attorney, and V. V. Richardson, U. S. Marshal, arrived also. There is but little business.

☞ The Pasquotank Rifles now numbers sixty men, and the Band has fifteen members. The former keep up regular drill and the latter, under the leadership of the veteran Prof. Ziegler, meet regularly for practice. Both are a credit to Elizabeth City and we are proud of them.

☞ An important factor of success in a campaign is a good nomination. This applies to all the offices. If Republicans do this all along the line this year—nominate men who are competent and in whom the people have confidence, their action will be overwhelmingly endorsed at the ballot-box.

☞ The alterations and improvements made by Mr. Frank M. Grice, proprietor, make the NEW Albemarle House look quite different from the old. Not only have the glazier, paper hanger and painter transformed the appearance internally and externally, but other changes have been made affording the conveniences now found in first-class hotels.

☞ We are not surprised that people are anxious to read the CAROLINIAN, but they ought to take and pay for it, and not annoy good natured neighbors who do. We receive a good many complaints from patrons about parties making a regular habit of "borrowing" their CAROLINIAN'S, very often before they have had time to read them themselves. At several offices, where only one copy is taken, we are informed that it is regularly passed around to a half a dozen families—ALL want to read it.

☞ It is with feelings of sorrow that we announce the death of Walter son of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen D. Scott, which sad event occurred on Friday last, in the 18th year of his age. Industrious, with steady habits and practical good sense, he was a young man of promise and one in whom we felt an interest. When last we saw him, with bright eye, mantling cheek and overflowing vitality, he seemed the picture of health; but alas, how soon the relentless messenger gave the command, "Come!" and neither loving care nor human aid could stay the stern decree. Ah, how mysterious these dispensations are. The bereaved have our sincere sympathy.

☞ The green house belonging to Capt. J. F. Snell is a most delightful place to visit by all who admire flowers. It has been arranged after his own plan, so as to be protected from wind and yet so as to gain all the sun possible, and during most of the coldest days this past winter the glass doors have been kept wide open. The vigorous large leaved geraniums, the immense fuschias, the callas, the profuse blooming heliotropes, the abutilons, and many more plants of different varieties are now repaying the love and skill bestowed upon them and the kind owner and his equally kind wife very graciously permit all other flower-lovers to go in and inspect them, and they rarely go away empty handed. Besides many other rare flowers, Captain Snell has one hundred and fifty varieties of roses which, when in bloom, render his yard a perfect rose bower and the admiration of all passers by.

☞ Corn was 60 cents at Norfolk yesterday.

—Merchants wanting good Hats to sell at 25c, send to Fowler & Co's.

☞ The young man who fails to live within his income may, as an old man, be compelled to live without one.

—Carpets and Matting at Fowler & Co's.

☞ To an inquiry, we state that the salary of the Speaker of the House of Representatives is $8,000 a year.

—3 miles 4-4 soft bleached Cottons at 9c. at Fowler & Co's., and it costs nothing to examine it. Samples sent when requested.

☞ The preacher who told his flock that "Amen's are all right at the proper time, but they don't rattle in the collection basket," stated the case from a practical business stand point.

☞ It is said that figures do not lie, but some people have a way of arranging them so that they do not tell the truth. Instance—those Democratic "Supplements." How flat they fell.

—Merchants wanting Shoes will do well to see Fowler & Co's. They carry anything from a ladies' fine Slipper to a mens' heavy Brogan. Prices guaranteed.

☞ We call the attention of persons afflicted with impediments of speech to the Card of Prof. Stubbs in another column. He comes endorsed with the highest testimonials, many of whom we know personally.

—WIFE: "What are you meditating about? Is there anything of special interest this morning?

HUSBAND: "Yes, dear, there is. Robinson & Co., are accused of selling Groceries so cheap that I must go and see for myself."

☞ The following have been appointed the tax-listers for this county:

For Elizabeth City, W. D. Williams; Nixonton, W. H. Reid; Salem, F. M. Godfrey; Mt. Hermon, M. G. Gregory; Providence, Miles Whitehurst; Newland, W. J. Williams.

☞ The sad news reaches us of the death of Miss Lillian, the amiable daughter of Rev. Geo. W. Sanderlin, on the 13th inst, in the 17th year of her age. The stricken parents have our sincere condolence.

—Ladies who cannot visit Fowler & Co's., send for samples of Dress goods and they will be forwarded at once.

☞ If the farmer has not the costly landscape paintings which adorn the walls of the wealthy town resident, he can have what is far better—the real landscape, for which the painting is only a poor and imperfect substitute. If he will plant and beautify the surroundings of his home, then every window may open on a view of which the finest artistic effect can only be a copy.

☞ There is no power of love so hard to get and keep as a kind voice. A kind hand is deaf and dumb. It may be rough in flesh and blood, yet do the work of a soft heart and do it with a soft touch. But there is no one thing that love so much needs as a sweet voice to tell what it means and feels; and it is hard to get and keep it in the right tone. A kind voice is to the heart what light is to the eye. It is a light that

"——sings as well as shines."

—Fowler & Co's $7.50, $8.00 and $9.00 Men's Suits "take the cake"

☞ "E. B." wants to know the origin and meaning of the expression, Platonic friendship? Platonic friendship is the innocent attachment and intimacy of opposite sexes and wholly divested of passion, and based on moral and intellectual affinities. The expression originated in the view of Plato, who held that the common sexual affection of the race was only a subordinate form of that perfect and ideal love of truth which the soul should cultivate.

☞ We have some young farmers who are wide-awake and abreast with agricultural progress. Among them we mention Mott Baxter and James Gartwright. They use "brain with brawn." They are practically demonstrating what the CAROLINIAN has all the while been preaching—that the soil of this section can be made to produce good crops and that improved farming will pay. There are many others who are prving the same thing; indeed, there is a decided improvement all along the line. It is encouraging.

☞ "Student" asks, first, What was the highest salary paid to any President, and when was it raised? Second, What is a "Sabbath day's journey? To the 1st, we answer the salary of Washington was $25,000 in gold, which was said to be really worth several times more than the $50,000 first received by Grant, in March, 1873, when the purchasing power of a dollar was about one-fifth of a gold dollar in 1790. To the 2d, we state that with the Jews a Sabbath day's journey was a little over a mile, or two thousand yards, which was the traditional distance from the ark to the end of the camp in the wilderness. In early days, among the Puritans, it generally covered the distance between a man's house and the church, even though it were some miles.

☞ "A little History," in another column, will call to mind a few points well to remember.

LOCAL MENTION.

Read Cousin Eveleen's notice of the Millinery Openings and the meeting of the Reform Club.—Col. H. C. Hudgins, Passenger and Freight Agent of the N. S. & R. R., called last week. He is always courteous and obliging.—The Town Commissioners have purchased a Silsby Steam Fire Engine, with Hose and apparatus complete, for $3,100, of which $600 is to be paid down and the balance in five equal annual payments, at 6 per cent per annum.—H. Weisel is opening his new goods. See his letter to "Aunt Susan."—Henry M. Fearing is back again at the old stand in Grice's Drug Store.—About twenty Fish boats were at the Depot on Sunday.—Postoffice Clerk Mathews will accept our acknowledgement for repeated special acts of kindness.—Mr. Major Bell, who purchased a lot on the north-east corner of Shepard and Martin streets and erected a neat dwelling there on, moved into it on Friday.—Jacob Salomonsky, one of our popular Clothing and Dress Goods Merchants on Water street, is never "left," but is on time again with a bigger and cheaper stock than ever.—Our townsman Thad. Butt is now engaged as Painter in Peal's Carriage Factory at Plymouth. He is a first-class workman.—The "Dickens Club" is the name of a new organization formed by a select number of our reading boys. They are quite familiar with the famous characters of that great author.—Master Harry Grandy is "some" on a foot race. In a recent contest with the Town Constable, the latter got badly "left," Harry should enter for the prize at the coming Fair.—Miss Sadie Salomonsky, of Norfolk, is visiting her many friends here.—The Pasquotank Rifles have adopted grey as the color of their new uniforms, to be trimmed with black and gold braid.—The new Fire Company was organized on Monday night, and adopted "Albemarle" as the name. S. S. Fowler was elected Foreman; W. A. Allegood, Assistant; and D. M. Dewey, Engineer. The Engine is expected in a few days, when there will be a public parade.—At the next meeting of the Literary Society Messrs George Greene and Will Underwood will debate the question now being agitated, "Did Shakespeare write the plays called 'Shakespeare's Works?'"—J. W. Halstead esq., of Camden, called yesterday.—R. B. Peebles esq., of Jackson, was in the City yesterday.

—The celebrated "W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe," also a full line of his other advertised goods may be found at H. Weisel's, Agent, Elizabeth City.

LITERARY NOTICES.

Frank Leslie's Sunday Magazine for May is a valuable and interesting number. Both solid and light reading, grave and gay, prose and verse, are found in its pages, and the many beautiful illustrations add to the interest and value of the text. "Luxurious Railroading" is very entertainingly written, and contains much information, enhanced by the many illustrations. "The Beginnings of Mission Work in North Africa" tells the story of Missions in Tunis, Tripoli, Algeria and Morocco. An article on "Heidelburg" will attract attention, for many American scholars have been educated in the famous University in that city, and "A Pembrokeshire Parson" is a most entertaining account of an eccentric clergyman of the Church of England. Two short stories are: "The First Cinderell; a Story of the Red Pyramid," and a love tale, "Pussy Willow." Dr. Talmage is a striking one on "Thirst in a Cavern, and there are a good many other good things in verse and prose.

THE DISTRICT.

Washington county Court at Plymouth next week.

Mr. S. S. Simmons, a noted citizen of Tyrrell, died on the 11th inst, at the age of 75 years.

Dr. Alonzo Hassell, a prominent physician of Williamston, died on the 8th inst, aged 36 years.

J. H. Mills, of Black Jack, claims to have the biggest hog in Pitt county. He says it will weigh 1,000 lbs.

George Fleetwood, a well known citizen of Bethel, Perquimans county, died very suddenly on the 5th inst, aged about 69 years.

The large Steam Saw Mill at Plymouth, belonging to Messrs F. A. Boyle and A. C. Lehman has been purchased by the latter.

Geo. Patrick, of Washington county, on business trip to Edenton on the 6th inst, was stricken with paralysis and had to be carried back home.

Four prisoners confined in Winton jail escaped on the 6th inst. The jail is of brick, with steel cells. Some one had furnished the prisoners with files.

The store and dwelling of S. K. Everts, at Coinjock, was destroyed by fire on Wednesday night last. The goods, furniture and most of the clothing were lost.

Brace Up.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with Headache, you are fidgetty, nervous and generally out of sorts, and want to *brace* up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, soring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whiskey, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alterative that will purify your blood start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50c a bottle at Wood & Wadsworth's Drug Store.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.

CONDUCTED BY "COUSIN EVELEEN."

All lovers of the beautiful had an opportunity of gratifying their taste last week by visiting the Milliners' Spring and Summer Opening. Mrs. White and Mrs. Hill, both on Road St., presented at their respective establishments most elaborate and exquisite displays of fine Millinery.

Mrs. White made a beautiful display of fine French flowers, as natural as if fresh from the garden. Roses, lilies, carnation pinks, pond lilies, wonderful leaves of varied hue all ready to adorn fair women and make them fairer still—were piled in rich profusion and artistic grace in windows and on tables. Beautiful bonnets and hats of many new shapes were also shown. The Bonanza and Signal being special favorites.

Mrs. Hill's parlors were arranged with charming taste—Lord and Taylor *in miniature*. Beautiful flowers, delicate fineworven straw hats, bonnets and hats trimmed with silk grause, lovely purple and white lilacs, mosses and feather flowers, made a garden of beauty to behold. The Torpedo is the name of a lovely shaped hat or bonnet, being dressy enough for a bonnet, but worn without strings. The Poke is still a favorite. Dame Fashion still delights in the "little bonnet," but a reaction is confidently expected.

The very "little bonnet" always looks better off than on—which is really a serious drawback. A bonnet or hat to be really pretty—no matter how much or how little it costs, ought to add a *little* to the wearers appearance. This, the very "little bonnet" can never do.

Demorest gives notice that lace bonnets will be worn again this summer, and tells in the April number of a charming bonnet of white lace net in ruffles edged with a narrow fringe of gold beads. The crown is puffed and an aigrette is set directly on the top.

"Come, balmy Spring, etherial mildness come," and make haste ye pleasant warm days, for spring garments are on hand and the lovely creations of the Milliners art, wait only warmer weather.

Our Boys and Girls of the Academy had a grand Spelling Match last week. Hal Vaughan won the first prize, the second being won by Miles Cooper. Miss May Morgan proved herself a good speller though she could not win. Try again! One small boy remarked that he was sorry for "all the rest" who lost "all that hard study for nothing!"

Now children, it is to be hoped that not many think as this boy did. The study has brought its own reward. They are wiser, better children for having tried.

The Reform Club held its usual meeting Sunday. Rev. Mr. Mellck delivered an address. He spoke of the late panic at a bull-figh. in Mexico, at which women and children were trampled to death by the furious animals, and burned to crisp in the fire which accidently ensued. He said while we start back in horror from such customs and the habits of mind which tolerate such spectacles, we would better remember the monster Alcohol at our own doors, bringing death and destruction to all, but particularly to women and children. He spoke of the charge that the revenue derived from the Saloon—from the manufacture and sale of whisky was used to support the public schools, and called attention to the fact that if that revenue that shameful revenue was taken and applied to help the women and children poverty stricken because of the drink habit of their natural protectors—if that revenue was applied to help these victims, there would not be one dollar left of it. The exercises were varied by reading and singing, and the time passed pleasantly away. At the close Mr. Fowler extended a warm invitation to all all temperance people to meet with the Reform Club next Tuesday evening (April 17th).

I. R. sends the following extract from "Our Little People" published at Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED: A LITTLE GIRL.

Where have they gone, the little girls
With natural manners and natural curls,
Who love their dollies and like their toys,
And talk of something besides the boys?

Once in the beautiful long ago,
Some beautiful children I used to know,
Girls who were merry as lambs at play
And laughed and rollicked the live-long day.

They thought not much of the style of their clothe
They never imagined the boys were 'beanx'
"Other girls brothers" and "mates" were they—
Splendid fellows to help them play.

Where have they gone to? If you see
One of them anywhere, send her to me,
I would give a medal of purest gold
To one of these dear little girls of old,
With innocent heart and open smile,
Who knows not the meaning of "flirt" and "style."

COUSIN EVELEEN.

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES OF April 11.

To Decapitations by M.—No. 1. Coat No. 2. Hill. No. 3. Earl. To Enigma by X X.—The Quick, or the Dead.

DECAPITATION.
By M.

Behead not to succeed and leave to be sick.

CHARADE.
E. M.

A mighty power my first reveals,
Though but single verb.
It means success though every time,
When people use the word.
My second is a negative
First and ultimate
To hope it brings no hope it sees—
The second of frowning Fate.
If this riddle you would read
You must not say my whole indeed.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay, quired. It is guaranteed to give perfect sefaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box FOR SALE BY WOOD & WADSWORTH.

Prof. STUBB,

Treats and Cures Defects in Speaking, such Stuttering, Lisping or Stammering, Calling of Words indistinctly, Speaking through the Nose, caused by Hare-lip or Cleft Palate.

☞ Call and see Testimonials at the Albemarle House, where he is now stopping.

A SMALL FARM FOR SALE.

The farm known as the "Murphy place," situated on Little River, in Salem township, Pasquotank county, N. C., containing Fifty acres, is offered for sale. For terms, apply to Dr. P. John, at Elizabeth City, N. C. or the undersigned at Steelton, Dauphin county, Pa.

Feb. 1, '88, JOHN MURPHY

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NORFOLK SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

CHEDULE 18, TAKES EFFECT OCT 3, 1887.

Mail and Express (Southbound) leaves Elizabeth City 12,30 P. M., Northbound, leaves at 3:30 P. M..

Edenton Accomodation., on Saturdays only, leaves at 7 o'clock A. M., and returning, arrives at 5.15 P. M.

The above Trains, which are Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive at and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at Norfolk with all rail and steamer lines.

Fish train, daily except Saturday and Sunday, leave at 3 o'clock A. M.

At Elizabeth City—With steamboats for all points on Pasquotank, North, Alligator, Pamlico, Tar and Neuse rivers.

At Edenton—With N. & R. R. Co's steam, boats Plymouth, A. E. Roberts and Langer, for all points on Chowan, Scuppernong Little, Cashie and Roanoke rivers, and Jamesville & Washington, and Albemarle & Raleigh railroads, and with Steamer Keystone for weekly for Harrellsville, Winton, Murfreesboro and all landings on the Chowan and Meherin rivers.

Norfolk Passenger and Freight Station at Norfolk and Western Railroad Depot.

Freight received daily, except Sundays.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R., from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.

M. K. KING, General Manager.

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Regular line of Steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City.

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Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binders, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

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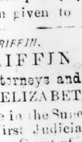

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MOSES WEISEL, Ag't,

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FOWLER & CO. have opened a Wholesale Dry goods, Notions and Shoe Department above their Retail Store, and invite the Merchants of Eastern Carolina to call and examine Goods. Prices Guaranteed.

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Back of their Shoe Store FOWLER & CO have opened a Carpet Room, where you will find Brussels, Tapestry, Grains, Cotton and Hemp Carpets, Mattings, Smyrna Tapestry and Oil Rugs and Mats, and Floor Oil Cloth 4 yards wide.

Cloak & Clothing Department.

Back of their Dry Goods Store FOWLER & CO., have opened a Cloak and Clothing Department, where you can get Ladies and Childrens Cloaks from Plush Cloaks at $20, down to $5.50.

FOWLER & CO., have 1200 feet more Space now to do Business, their customers will find their Dry Goods Store now comfortable and a variety of Dress Goods, Trimmings, Underwear, Blankets and Notions and Gents Furnishing Goods, &c., &c., to select from than ever before.

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SUMMARY OF CONGRESS.

Senate Proceedings.

71ST DAY.—A draft of a bill for the revocation of the withdrawal of lands for the benefit of certain railroads was presented from the President and referred....A bill was introduced authorizing United States District Attorneys to swear witnesses and to compel their attendance for the purpose of investigating the facts of a case pending for trial; referred....A joint resolution was passed appropriating $25,000 for representation at the International Exhibition at Barcelona, Spain....The bill to authorize the sale to aliens of certain mineral lands was taken from the calendar, and after discussion laid over until Monday....Mr. Riddleberger introduced a resolution asking the President to take such action in regard to the seizure by Great Britain of Venezuelian lands as was compatible with public interests....The House bill granting right of way to the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad Company through the Fort Crawford Military Reservation was passed....A bill was introduced to repeal the statutory prohibition against a former Confederate soldier serving in the United States Army....The following pension bills were passed: Giving a pension of $25 a month to Dr. Mary E. Walker as a "late assistant surgeon United States Army;" giving a pension of $500 a year to the widow of General Charles P. Stone; one to increase the pension of the oldest Revolutionary pensioner on the rolls, Nancy Rains, ninety-six years of age, from $6 a month to an amount not fixed but left to the Secretary of the Interior; giving a pension of $30 a month to the widow of Rear-Admiral Nicholson; giving a pension of $100 a month to the widow of General Judson Kilpatrick; $100 a month to the widow of General Robert Anderson; pensioning a soldier's "foster mother," giving a pension of $30 a month to the widow of Brigadier General Taylor, and one of $50 to the widow of Commander William Gibson....The bill to prevent injurious and destructive deposits within New York Harbor was passed.

72D DAY.—An executive communication was presented asking an appropriation of $100,000 for a gymnasium at the West Point Military Academy....A joint resolution was passed accepting the invitation to participate in the International Exhibition at Brussels, Belgium, and appropriating $30,000 for that purpose....The bill to make valid certain land patents that had been irregularly signed was passed....A bill was introduced for the establishment of a permanent court of arbitration between the United States and Great Britain and France....The bill to authorize the sale to aliens of certain mineral lands was warmly opposed with the result of its being laid aside....A bill to remove the political disabilities of Robert Johnson, of New York, was passed....The West Point Academy Appropriation bill was reported from the Senate Committee on Appropriations without any change in the amount ($315,000) appropriated by the bill as it came from the House....Mr. Platt spoke in behalf of the admission into the Union of the State of South Dakota....Mr. Chandler introduced a bill to re-enact the Direct Tax bill.

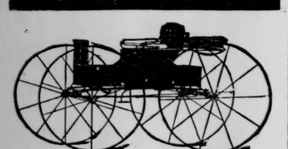
75th DAY.—A bill to remove the political disabilities of John Rutledge, of South Carolina was passed....The Freedman's Bank bill was taken from the calendar and referred to the Committee on Finance....A petition urging the preservation of the Yellowstone National Park was introduced and provoked prolonged discussion....The bill regulating the times for holding terms of the United States Circuit and Districts Courts for the Northern District of Iowa was passed....The Senate resumed consideration of the bill to authorize the sale to aliens of certain mineral lands, the question being on the amendment requiring a majority of the stockholders, trustees or directors of a mining company to be citizens of the United States. The amendment was rejected by a vote of 31 to 20.

74TH DAY.—The motion to refer the President's annual message was taken up, and Mr. Morrill addressed the Senate on the subject....A resolution was adopted calling on the Secretaries of War, Navy and Treasury for statements as to the officers of the army and navy and judicial officers retired on half pay....The following bills were taken from the calendar and passed: House bill, to purchase of the widow and children of the late General James Shields certain works, at a cost not exceeding $10,000; for the erection of a monument to the memory of General Joseph Warren, who fell at Bunker Hill; for a public building at Bridgeport, Conn., (with an amendment increasing the appropriation from $100,000 to $150,000); bill appropriating $75,000 for a fireproof workshop at the National Armory, Springfield, Mass.; bill appropriating $10,000 for a monument to Brigadier General William Lee Davidson, who fell in the battle of Cowen's Ford in February, 1781. The bill for the purchase from Miss Virginia Taylor Lewis of a sword of Washington for $20,000 was taken up and discussed at length.

75th DAY.—Mr. Turpie, the Senator from Indiana, made his first speech in opposition to the bill for the admission to the Union of South Dakota....Mr. Stewart offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of State for information as to the cases of Sidney Prusing, a naturalized American citizen, who has been impressed into the military service of France, and as to other like cases. Adopted....The motion to refer the President's annual message was taken up, and Mr. Coke addressed the Senate. His speech was in the main a plea for free raw material and a tariff to a revenue standard....The Senate then went into the consideration of executive business.

SAYERS & SCOVILL

VEHICLES.



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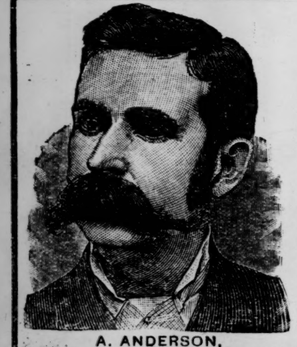

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House Proceedings.

81ST DAY.—The House at 11:45 entered upon the fourth day of its contest over the Direct Tax bill, the legislative day of Wednesday still continuing. Mr. Reed immediately demanded the regular order, which the Speaker stated to be the vote on the motion that when the House adjourned to-day it be to meet on Saturday next. Mr. Oates in behalf of the opponents of the bill, proposed that they be allowed two hours for general debate, but the supporters of the measure objected. Efforts at a compromise having failed, the usual filibustering motions were again submitted, and the round of roll calls began.

82D DAY—The obstruction methods that have been employed to prevent a consideration of the Direct Tax Bill were continued when the house met in continuation of Wednesday's session. Both sides were as firm as ever and nothing was accomplished during the entire day.

83RD.—The House met in continuation of Wednesday's session, this being the sixth consecutive day of the deadlock and the day was consumed in filibustering over the Direct Tax bill.

84TH DAY.—The House convened at 11:45, the legislative day of Wednesday still continuing....Mr. Phelan, as a privileged question, submitted the conference report on the bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at Memphis, Tenn. The Senate amendment repealing the bridge charter now existing was agreed to. The report was adopted....Mr. Blount asked unanimous consent to report the Postoffice Appropriation bill, but a demand for the regular order from Mr. Reed operated as an objection; and the seventh day of the contest over the Direct Tax Bill was formally opened, and filibustering over that measure consumed the rest of the day's session.

85TH DAY.—The House was still constructively in session as of Wednesday of last week. The session was continued all night, and no business whatever was transacted, the opponents of the Direct Tax bill objecting to every measure introduced, yet refusing to adjourn until the bill was voted on.

86TH DAY.—The House convened at 11:45 in continuation of Wednesday's session, this being the ninth day of the deadlock over the Direct Tax bill. Mr. Reed demanded the regular order. Mr. Randall asked unanimous consent to make a statement, but was shut off by shouts for the regular order from the Republican side. Mr. Cox moved to adjourn. At the demand of Mr. Reed, the yeas and nays were ordered on this motion. Although the vote was a party one (with the exception of Mr. Sowden, Dem., of Pennsylvania, who voted in the negative), the motion was defeated, yeas 130, nays 123. The scene which followed was one of wild excitement. Subsequently Mr. Cox entered another motion to adjourn, upon which yeas and nays were ordered. The vote resulted, yeas 148, nays 137, so the House was declared adjourned, and the long and historical deadlock was broken.

PLENTY OF ICEBERGS.

Reports of Great Ice Fields off the Newfoundland Coast.

Large quantities of ice are reported off the coast of Newfoundland and are said to be rapidly drifting down into the routes of ocean steamers. Captain Dawson, of the steamer Portia, which has arrived at New York, says that he was blocked in the ice at Newfoundland, with other vessels, for three weeks. Continual strong easterly winds packed the ice so close to the shore that from the signal hill at the entrance to the harbor, a height of 600 feet above the sea level, giving a range of view of over sixty miles, no open water could be seen, and during that time the ice was so solid that he walked over four miles to another vessel that was also blocked in. Finally a westerly breeze sent the ice a little off shore, and his vessel was able to creep out. The following day the steamer passed thirty icebergs within a distance of thirty miles along the coast.

The steamer Austrian, which has arrived at Boston, was caught in the ice just as the Portia got clear. The Captain reported having passed forty icebergs in one day between St. Johns and Cape Race.

THE Czarina, it is stated, often designs and even makes dresses for her younger children, and frequently takes their new hats to pieces and trims them over according to her own taste. This hobby of her Majesty is a heritage of her economical days as a Princess of Denmark.

THE MARKETS.

15	NEW YORK.		
Beef, good to prime	8	@	8½
Calves, common to prime	7	@	7¾
Sheep	6	@	7
Lambs	8	@	9
Hogs—Live	5 50	@	5 80
Dressed	7	@	7½
Flour—Ex. St., good to fancy	4 45	@	4 60
West. good to choice	2 85	@	4 85
Wheat—No. 2 Red	91½	@	91½
Rye—State	56	@	58
Barley—State	82	@	85
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	62¼	@	63¼
Oats—White State	41	@	42
Mixed Western	37	@	40
Hay—Med. to prime	85	@	90
Straw—No. 1 Rye	95	@	1 00
Lard—City Steam	7 85	@	7 90
Butter—State Creamery	—	@	28
Dairy	21	@	22
West. Im. Creamery	22	@	25
Factory	17	@	24
Cheese—State Factory	10	@	13
Skims	5½	@	10
Western	11½	@	12
Eggs—State and Penn	22	@	22½
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	4 35	@	4 85
Sheep—Good to Choice	5 00	@	6 00
Lambs—Western	—	@	7 00
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	5 5	@	5 55
Flour—Family	4 00	@	4 50
Wheat—No. 1	—	@	91
Corn—No. 2, Mixed	57	@	57½
Oats—No. 2, Mixed	35½	@	36
Barley—State	88	@	91
BOSTON.			
Beef—Good to choice	7¾	@	8
Hogs—Live	5¼	@	6
Northern Dressed	6¾	@	7
Pork—Ex. Prime, per bbl	14 75	@	16 75
Flour—Spring Wheat pat's	4 70	@	4 95
Corn—High Mixed	65½	@	65
Oats—Extra White	—	@	44½
Rye—State	60	@	65¼
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET			
Beef—Dressed weight	7	@	7½
Sheep—Live weight	5½	@	6
Lambs	6	@	7
Hogs—Northern	7	@	7¼
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. extra family	3 75	@	3 85
Wheat—No. 2, Red	90	@	91¼
Corn—State Yellow	58½	@	59
Oats—Mixed	39½	@	40
Rye—State	52½	@	53
Butter—Creamery Extra	—	@	28
Cheese—N. Y. Full Cream	12	@	13

A WOMAN'S CRIME.

Compelled to Cut the Throats of Two Pedlars.

A Mysterious and Brutal Murder in the Kentucky Mountains.

The mystery of the disappearance of two pedlars on the line of Russell and Pulaski counties, in Kentucky, about four weeks ago has been solved by the confession of a woman named Mary Smith. She lived in the house of John and Henry Hill, near McClenden's Ridge. She claims that she was forced to help the Hills commit the deed, and that after the murder they watched her to prevent her from revealing the crime. She eluded them at last, however, and went to the house of a neighbor, R. D. Jones. The subject of the two pedlars, who have been missing for a long time and about whom inquiry has been stimulated by the finding of pieces of human flesh by the neighbors, was brought up in her presence. The shocking circumstances were gone over again by the family and the woman became so agitated as to arouse their suspicions. At last Mr. Jones openly taxed her with knowing something about the missing men. At this the woman broke down, and made the following terrible confession:

"I was housekeeping for Henry Hill when the two peddlers came to the house and wanted to stay all night. After they had been shown to their beds up stairs John Hill came over and he and Henry began to concoct a plan to murder them. They told me to get a quilt and follow them up stairs. We all went tiptoeing up the steps and found the pedlars asleep. Henry Hill stood on one side of the bed and John on the other. They told me to throw the quilt over the heads of the two men. I did so and they commenced to smother them to death. The pedlars struggled so hard that they tore the quilt, and then Henry Hill thrust a knife into my hand and told me to cut their throats or they would kill me. I had to take the knife and do the work. I cut their throats, and then caught their blood in a dishpan and threw it in the road. They then took the bodies and threw them in the cellar. The Hills buried their bloody clothes in the garden. They let the bodies lie two days in the cellar and then took them away one night. I do not know where. The men had about $200 on their persons in jewelry and other things."

The woman Smith and the Hills have been arrested and lodged in jail at Jamestown.

Mrs. Smith states that the Hill boys threatened to kill her if she made any attempt to escape, and that they have compelled her to do things too horrible to mention. They have a bad reputation wherever known.

The names of the pedlars are not known, and they were strangers in that part of the country. They disappeared about the 20th of March, after having been seen in the neighborhood of the Hills house.

The house in which the awful deed was committed is a mile from any other residence, and is on a very lonely road, where travel is infrequent.

LATER NEWS.

IN New York City two workmen were killed by a defective wall falling on them.

A FALLING wall at Pittsburg, Penn., buried three girls beneath it, two of whom were killed and the other fatally injured.

WORK has begun on the Pennsylvania, Poughkeepsie and New England Railroad, which is to form a through line from the Lehigh Valley to Springfield, Mass., by way of the Poughkeepsie bridge. It will be completed this season.

THE Maryland Republican State Central Committee has fixed May 17 as the date and Easton as the place for holding the convention to nominate delegates to the Chicago convention.

ALBERT DUMKEE, of Columbus, Nebraska, in a drunken frenzy murdered his aged wife with a club and then assaulted his daughter, but he was overpowered before injuring her seriously.

SILAS BANKS killed three brothers named Monroe at Parkersburg, W. Va., as the result of an old feud. He himself was wounded four times.

THE Kootenai Indians, in Montana, are getting ugly and threaten to avenge the hanging of three of their number for murder by the white people. The Governor has been called on for troops.

THE Senate has confirmed the nomination of J. L. Rathbone, to be Consul-General at Paris, by a vote of 44 to 8.

SENOR GALINDEZ, the wealthy merchant who was recently kidnapped at his estate in Santa Rita, Cuba, by bandits, has been released on the payment of a ransom of $17,000 in gold.

CAPTAIN CAMPERIO, the African explorer, has sent messages from the interior announcing the safety of Emin Bey. He says he was taken prisoner by King Traxiore, whom he finally persuaded to become friendly to Emin Bey. Eventually Traxiore charged him with a mission to negotiate an alliance with Emin Bey. The letters state that Stanley had not arrived at Wadelai up to the time the despatch was sent.

FIRE destroyed eighteen buildings in Massey, Md., including the principal stores and hotels.

THE Kentucky Prohibitionists, in convention at Louisville indorsed Rev. Green Clay Smith, of Kentucky, for President, and made Clinton J. Fiske, of New Jersey, the second choice.

WILLIAM ANSON'S extensive Wood Mower and Reaper Works at Youngstown, Ohio, have been destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $250,000. Five hundred employes were thrown out of employment.

J. S. SIMON, defaulting Treasurer of Darke County, Ohio, has been sentenced to six years in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $48,000 and costs.

ALL the union maltsters and brewers in Chicago have gone on a strike, and there is a complete shut down of the breweries in that city.

THE body of a boy, age six, was found in the woods a short distance from his home in Georgetown County, S. C. An inquest brought to light the fact that the father had beaten him until he was unable to walk. The child had crawled into the woods and died.

THE President has nominated Thomas T. Tunstall, of Mobile, Ala., to be United States Consul at San Salvador, and has appointed Frederic R. Coudert, of New York, Franklin MacVeagh, of Illinois, Alexander C. Haskell, of South Carolina, M. A. Hanna, of Ohio, and James W. Savage, of Nebraska, as Government Directors of the Union Pacific Railway Company.

THE Senate has confirmed the nomination of J. L. Logan, of New York, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Idaho.

THE bill for the eleventh census calls for an appropriation of $6,000,000.

THE President has approved the joint resolution appropriating $25,000 for the International Exposition in Barcelona, Spain; the act providing for holding terms of the United States Courts at Vicksburg, Miss.; the act for a public building at Helena, Ark.

AN ex-convict who murdered six persons at Temesvar, Hungary, recently, has been captured and lynched.

THE first execution in Madrid, Spain, for five years took place a few days ago, when a girl, her lover and an accomplice were garroted for murder.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

SONNENTHAL, the great German actor, is building a new theatre in Berlin.

MME. CHRISTINE NILSSON says that nothing will induce her to return to the stage.

A FRENCH actress recently celebrated her ninetieth birthday by taking leave of the stage.

MR. ROBERT MANTELL has obtained a genuine success with his new heroic play of "Monbars."

MADAME PATTI was recently hugged and kissed by the King of Spain. His royal highness is two years old.

"THE WIFE," at the Lyceum Theater, New York, celebrated its 150th performance recently with a pretty souvenir.

A HARP to be played upon by keys, as in a piano forte, is one of the latest inventions shown in the City of Brussels.

THE Spanish Government orders that all the theatres in the kingdom shall adopt electric lighting within six months.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

MRS. MARY SHARP was making whiskey at Wanemic, Penn., when the pot containing it tipped over. Her dress caught fire and she was burned to death. Three children, who tried to save her, were also fatally burned.

MAJOR-GENERAL Q. A. GILMORE, of the United States Army, died recently at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y. He was a distinguished Union officer in the late war.

THREE railroad employes were killed at Craigville, N. Y., by the explosion of a locomotive.

THE remains of ex-Attorney General Benjamin H. Brewster have been buried at Woodlawn Cemetery, Philadelphia.

WHILE practising rifle shooting Mrs. John G. Ritchey, of Patterson, N. J., accidentally killed her husband.

Two men were killed and five persons injured in a railroad wreck at Bellows Falls, Vt., caused by a culvert being washed away.

JOSEPHUS SOOY, ex-State Treasurer of New Jersey, who was convicted of defalcation and pardoned out of State Prison after his embezzlement had been made good, dropped dead in Camden, N. J.

THE New York Court of Appeals has affirmed the conviction and sentence of O'Neil, the Boodle Alderman. There was a minority decision by Judge Andrews.

THE local elections in Albany, N. Y., and at Jersey City, N. J., resulted in favor of the Democrats, and at Lockport, N. Y., in favor of the Republicans.

South and West.

FIFTEEN school children while at play fell down a deep well at Palmyra, Mo., and two were drowned and seven fatally injured.

PROPHET FRAZER was hanged at Waterboro, S. C., for murdering his wife by burning her alive.

THE Ætna Powder Works at Miller, Ind., exploded, and the bodies of three employees were literally torn to shreds, and the unrecognizable masses blown hundreds of yards.

KENNEDY PORTER, son of the ex-Governor of Tennessee, was shot dead at Paris, Tenn., by Wm. Edmunds, his sweetheart's brother.

MARIETTA, Ohio, the oldest city in the territory northwest of the Ohio River, has brilliantly celebrated the centennial of its founding.

THE entire business portion of the city of Cherokee, Kan., has been burned.

THE inhabitants of the Wabash Valley in Indiana are suffering from measles. At Crawfordsville there have been over eight hundred cases, many of them proving fatal.

THE Indiana State Normal School at Terre Haute has been totally destroyed by fire, causing a loss of $275,000. The building was the finest in the State, and was uninsured.

THE town of Tavares, Fla., has been almost entirely burned to the ground. Fifteen business houses and all the residences in the place were destroyed.

A CROWD of strikers in Chicago hurled stones through the cab window at Charles Sommers, a Burlington engineer, when he fired into the mob, killing one man and seriously injuring another.

FORTY Kansas farmers made a raid on a den of horse thieves in No Man's Land. Four of the thieves were captured and hanged to the limbs of the nearest trees. Nine others were chased into the sand hills and surrounded in a cave.

VERY heavy rains in the vicinity of Nashville, Tenn., caused floods which swept away fences, crops and stock in large amounts and delayed railroad trains.

TREASURER WEIR, of New Albany, Ind., is a defaulter to the extent of $70,000. He has fled to Canada.

GEORGE BAURLA, the thirteen-year-old son of a wealthy resident of Jeffersonville, Ind., committed suicide by hanging because his father forced him to attend school.

THE Arkansas Republican Convention met at Little Rock and nominated delegates to the Chicago National Convention. None of the delegates has a preference in the matter of a choice for President. The delegation will go uninstructed, and will vote as a unit and for the candidate developing the most strength in the convention.

Washington.

THE President has approved the act amending the laws relating to navigation, and the act for the relief of importers of animals for breeding purposes in certain cases.

THE Committee on Postoffices have agreed upon a bill appropriating $60,133,340 for operating the Postoffice Department during the next fiscal year.

THE President has nominated Brigadier General George Crook for the position of Major-General, made vacant by General Terry's retirement. He will command the Division of the Missouri.

THE President has approved the act granting a pension to the widow of General John A. Logan; the act to increase the pension of the widow of General Blair; and the act to authorize the purchase of a site for a public building at Buffalo, N. Y.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has been invited to Austin, Texas, to assist in the dedication of the new State Capitol on May 16th, and it is highly probable that he will accept.

THE United States Supreme Court has rendered a decision sustaining the Pennsylvania law regulating the sale of oleomargarine.

The United States Supreme Court has adopted resolutions presented by Attorney General Garland eulogistic of the late Chief Justice Waite.

THE President has nominated Jasper N. Hammond to be Postmaster at Seneca Falls, N. Y.

THE President has approved the act authorizing the construction of bridges over the rivers St. Mary's, Satilla, Little Satilla, and Crooked, in Georgia and Florida; the act for the erection of a public building at Lowell, Mass.; the acts for the relief of Grosvernor A. Curtice, of Hampshire, and several other persons.

THE President has nominated Henry B. Lovering, of Massachusetts, to succeed General Banks as Marshal of the United States for the District of Massachusetts.

Foreign.

A BATTLE took place at Sooloo, in Phillipine Islands, between the Spanish garrison and the Malay natives. Ten Spaniards and 200 natives were killed and seventy Spaniards, including a number of officers, wounded.

THE Italian Government has decided to cease military operations against the Abyssinians in Africa during the summer, and the troops will return to Italy immediately.

A FAMINE was threatened in Posen, Pomerania and Silesia by reason of the incalculable damage done by the recent floods, and the Empress of Germany went to Posen to superintend measures for relieving the sufferers.

A SEVERE tornado has done great damage in the native quarter of Dacca, India. Nineteen persons were killed.

THE Sultan has agreed to leave the dispute between the United States and Morocco to the decision of a Moorish representative and the American Consul. If they fail to agree a European representative will be chosen whose decision shall be final.

LARGE crowds assembled at Kilrush, Ennis and Loughrea, Ireland, to hold political meetings, but the police and the troops were in attendance in such force as to prevent organization. The soldiers charged the crowd with bayonets and seriously wounded twelve persons.

GENERAL BOULANGER has been elected by a majority of 24,000 votes to represent a Department in the French Chamber of Deputies, but he has declined to accept the seat.

JOHN AND DAVID BOWMANS, farmers, aged eighty-two and eighty-four years, living alone a few miles from Barrie, Canada, were burned to death in their house.

PRINCE BISMARCK has abandoned his opposition to the marriage of Prince Alexander, of Battenberg, and the Princess Victoria, having gained certain other concessions, and all the differences between the Emperor and Prince Bismarck have been settled.

A FIRE broke out on the steamer Hyakkan Morn, on Haumanada, an inland sea in Japan. Out of sixty-seven passengers on the vessel sixteen lost their lives. The captain and several firemen were severely injured.

AN explosion occurred in a dynamite factory at Grenoble, France. Nine persons were killed and others were seriously injured.

WILLIAM MILLMAN has been hanged in Prince Edward Island for the murder of Mary Tuplen.

THE late Emperor William of Germany left the sum of thirty marks (about $10) to every invalid soldier of the war of 1870.

A CONVICT'S REVENGE.

Murderous Assault on all Concerned in His Conviction.

A man whose sentence for homicide had expired was recently discharged from prison at Temesvar, Hungary. He had long nursed the idea of revenge, until it became a monomania. He went directly from the prison to the residence of the judge who had sentenced him. There he found the judge's wife, and, drawing a revolver, shot her dead. He then went to the house of the notary who was engaged in his trial and killed his chief clerk. Thence he sought his own home and there cut his wife's throat and beat out his children's brains. He then disappeared and left no traces of his whereabouts.

RIOTS IN IRELAND.

Numerous League Meetings Dispersed by the Police.

Many Persons More or Less Seriously Injured.

Some policemen who were trying to prevent the erection of a platform for a meeting announced to be held on Sunday at Kilrush, Ireland, were pelted with stones by a mob and charged the crowd. Many citizens were badly injured.

Mr. Tanner, member of Parliament, held a meeting outside Macroom at 5 o'clock Sunday morning. He there burned a copy of the Government proclamation. At 2 P. M. the advertised hour, he attempted to hold another meeting, when the police removed him from the ground. There was only slight excitement.

About 6000 persons belonging to the various League branches of Kilrush assembled at 2.30 P. M. There was a large contingent on horseback. The police, led by Magistrates Welch and Irwin, charged the crowd, injuring many. A number of triumphal arches were torn down. Father Glynn of Kilmihill was attacked by two policemen with rifles. A farmer felled one policeman to the ground with a blackthorn stick. A riot being imminent, the Berkshire regiment, with fixed bayonets, led by Captain Lynch, charged the crowd. Two persons were seriously wounded with batons and bayonets and two mounted policemen were injured with stones. Order was somewhat restored on the crowd being appealed to by priests and Messrs. Redmond and Crilly, members of Parliament. Mr. Redmond then attempted to organize the meeting which had heretofore been announced, but was prevented by Magistrate Irwin. Mr. Redmond protested that the Government's action in proclaiming the meeting was illegal and, together with priests, advised the multitude to disperse.

There are three serious cases in the hospital. The town was quiet throughout the evening.

Davitt, O'Connor, the Rev. Mr. Corry and other League leaders left Carmody's Hotel, in Ennis, at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon and drove ten miles into the country, followed by eighty hussars under Colonel Turner. By a preconcerted arrangement Mr. Condon, member of Parliament, remained in town to hold the proposed meeting in an unoccupied corn store. This programme leaked out and a cordon of soldiers was placed around the building. The doors of the building had been barricaded, but soon gave way to sledge hammers in the hands of the police. This aroused desperate resistance on the part of the people, and many were injured. Fifty persons were arrested.

At Longhrea Editor O'Brien held a meeting. While the police were dispersing the people Mr. O'Brien spoke for 10 minutes. He called the police cowards for not arresting him instead of ill-treating the people. Mr. O'Brien left the Bishop's residence at 2 P. M., followed by a crowd numbering 40,000 persons, and took his way toward a field outside the town, where a platform had been erected. He was met by an imposing force of police and military, which barred the way. Mr. O'Brien then called to the people to halt, and addressed the magistrate to the following effect: "I wish to hold a meeting to tell the people the truth about English rule in Ireland, but no meeting will be held if it has been resolved to disperse the people forcibly." The magistrate replied that he could not allow the meeting to be held. Mr. O'Brien then insisted upon his right to hold the meeting, saying that he took all the responsibility upon himself, and asked the magistrate that if force be used to use it upon him, not upon the people. A long colloquy between the two then ensued, Mr. O'Brien insisting that his arrest would end the meeting and that if any other action was taken the responsibility would rest on the police. The crowd then advanced toward the platform and the police immediately attacked them, knocking down those who resisted. Only Mr. O'Brien and two clergymen were left on the reporters' stand. Stones now began to fly rapidly, and the police brought their batons into requisition. At this critical moment, Father Meagher in a few well-chosen words begged the crowd to desist from violence, and his efforts were only partially successful. The police then pressed upon the people and cleared the field, several civilians receiving scalp wounds in the operation. At 4:30 o'clock Mr. O'Brien addressed a meeting at Temperance Hall. A few clergymen and about twenty of the leading Nationalists were present. Police arrived on the ground after the meeting had closed.

At other places in Ireland meetings were held, with more or less success, the police in most instances dispersing the crowds.

THE LABOR WORLD.

A LARGE scale works will be built at Rome, Ga., costing $100,000.

A NATIONAL convention of union lasters will soon be held in Boston.

THE output of Pittsburg's glass industry is said to be valued at $10,000,000 a year.

THE boss carpenters of New Jersey are organizing. They do not like the proposed eight-hour Saturday.

THERE are forty one less anthracite pig iron furnaces in blast in Pennsylvania now than in the spring of last year.

ENGINEERS have calculated that there are 40,000,000 tons of coal accessible in the Dan River coal-fields in North Carolina.

A COMPANY has been organized in Petersburg, Va., for the manufacture of wooden butter dishes, veneers, woodenware, etc.

AN establishment for the manufacture of carbon plates on an extensive scale is to be located at Ludlow, Warren county, Penn.

LABOR is generally well employed; only a few strikes are in progress. Outside of the great railroad strike, less than 40,000 men are on enforced idleness.

MINNEAPOLIS people, according to recent statistics, consume 45,000,000 cigars a year, but only 9,000,000 of this number are made by its 200 cigarmakers.

A BILL is being prepared by the Working Women's Association to be introduced into the New York Legislature asking that women factory inspectors be appointed.

THE Board of Trade of New York Jewelers has voted $10,000 to defeat the sixty strikers who quit work in the Dalbar Watch Case Company in Newark, N. J.

GENERAL MASTER WORKMAN POWDERLY has departed South to visit the co-operative town of Powderly, which was started eighteen months ago, near Birmingham, Ala.

THE weighers' laborers connected with the Boston Custom-house say they have been unjustly deprived of their customary fifteen minutes' rest during each forenoon, and threaten to strike.

FIRMS in Chicago, Pittsburg, New York Boston, Philadelphia and other cities are binding themselves not to employ female help in any department where boys or men can be made useful.

THE largest soap manufactory in Philadelphia, at which 1,100,000 pounds are boxed every week, was founded in 1833 by a thrifty German, who walked into the city with only $25 in his pockets in that year.

THE gastronomical director of the aristocratic Capital City Club, of Atlanta, Ga., is a colored woman who is noted far and near for her skill. She is paid $1500 a year and allowed $1000 for an assistant.

Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in many cases removes the tumors. Equally efficacious in curing all Skin Diseases. DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sent by mail for 50 cts. Also sold by druggists.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully,

T. A. SLOCUM, M.C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

Farmers and others who have a little leisure time for the next few months will find it their interest to write to B. F. Johnson & Co., of Richmond, Va., whose advertisement appears in another column. They offer great inducements to persons to work for them all or part of their time.

St. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK

THE LEADING REMEDY.

THE TRADE SAYS SO.

The Suffering Class Says So To The Trade.

ITS VIRTUES ARE PHENOMENAL.
ITS CURES ARE MARVELOUS.

Chronic Cases 40 Years' Standing Cured Permanently.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.

The Charles A. Vogeler Co., Balto., Md.

The Lessons of "Unser Fritz" Case.

The greatest doctors in Europe don't seem to known what ails "Unser Fritz."

Thus are the Garfield and Grant episodes repeated, and public confidence in "expert" medical knowledge is again shaken.

The effect is a revulsion.

Since the fatal days of 1883 many of the doctrines of the schoolmen concerning extensive medication have been abandoned, and all schools of practice are more and more relying upon old-fashioned simple root and herb preparations and careful nursing—the only reliances known to our ancestors.

These methods and reliances are illustrated to-day in a series of old-fashioned roots and herbs preparations recently given to the world by the well-known proprietors of Warner's safe cure—preparations made from formulæ possessed by many of our oldest families, and rescued for popular use, and issued under the happy designation of Warner's Log Cabin Remedies.

"My son," exclaimed a venerable woman to the writer when he was a boy, "my son, you're yeller and pale and weak like lookin', you're needin' a good shaking up with some sas'paril'."

A jug of spring sarsaparilla was just as necessary in the "winter supplies" of fifty years ago as was a barrel of pork, and a famous medical authority says that the very general prevalence of the use of such a preparation as Log Cabin Sarsaparilla explains the rugged health of our ancestors.

While Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla is an excellent remedy for all seasons of the year, it is particularly valuable in the spring, when the system is full of sluggish blood and requires a natural constitutional tonic and invigorator to resist colds and pneumonia, and the effects of a long winter. Philo M. Parsons, clerk of the City Hotel of Hartford, Conn., was prostrated with a cold which, he said, "seemed to settle through my body. I neglected it and the result was my blood became impoverished and poisoned, indicated by inflamed eyes. I was treated, but my eyes grew worse. I was obliged to wear a shade over them. I feared that I would be obliged to give up work."

"Under the operation of Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla and Liver Pills," he says, "the sore and inflamed eyes disappeared. My blood, I know, is in a healthier condition than it has been for years. I have a much better appetite. I shall take several more bottles for safety's sake. Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla is a great purifier and I most heartily recommend it."

A few bottles of Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla used in the family now will save many a week of sickness and many a dollar of bills. Use no other. This is the oldest, most thoroughly tested, and the best, is put up in the largest sarsaparilla bottle on the market, containing 120 doses. There is no other preparation of similar name that can equal it. The name of its manufacturers is a guarantee of its superior worth.

While the great doctors wrangle over the technicalities of an advanced medical science that cannot cure disease, such simple preparations yearly snatch millions from untimely graves.

Henry Clay, who sat in the Speaker's chair twelve years, is the only man that ever filled that position longer than eight years.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00. *Trial size free.* At all Druggists'.

DEVERGA asserts that the proportion dying suddenly is about 100 women to 700 men.

A Pleasure Shared by Women Only.

Malherbe, the gifted French author, declared that of all things that man possesses, women alone take pleasure in being possessed. This seems generally true of the sweeter sex